The Columbian.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

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BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1885.

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SELECT STORY.

NORTON BLAKE'S DILEMMA.

I.

"Is it true, Norton? Is your uncle really dying?"

The speaker's eyes were sparkling, her cheeks flushed, her fingers toying with the white robes of a baby upon her knee, her intonation that of elated triumph.

Words and manner struck Norton Blake sharply. He threw down the telegram with a short "Yes."

"Are you sorry?" Mrs. Blake asked, in tart surprise. "Why, you've wished a thousand times I were mistress of the Court, and now there's baby. Shan't I feel proud when I see him in velvet knickerbocker's riding about that beautiful park on a white pony?"

Norton regarded her with amazement—her speech sounded so utterly heartless.

"Sorry," he repeated, slowly. "Surely, Myra, you forget that my uncle has filled a father's place to me from my childhood."

"Oh, no, I don't," she retorted, with a disagreeable laugh; "nor the filial respect you have always shown him. Also, I remember your many aspirations that Providence would allow the same—a calamity—to end this miserable concealment. Really, Norton, you have neither courage to face the consequences of your own actions, nor to grip the deliverance Fortune sends you."

With a muttered imprecation, Norton Blake left the room. Experience had taught him the futility of arguing with his wife; but through the ensuing long journey he had leisure in which to ponder over and debate the truth of her words. The sudden shock of his relative's danger had acted like a douche of cold water on the physical organization of a drunkard, recalling him to himself, but stinging him with a sense of his own degradation.

Treated by his uncle with an indulgence shown by few parents, he had idled at school and scraped through college. He was no profligate—neither gamed nor drank; yet his fatal propensity of snatching the moment's pleasure, leaving care for the morrow, had blighted the sunny prospect of a life whose crowning folly he was too cowardly to vow.

During a long vacation—supposed by his uncle to be passed with a tutor in Scotland—he met, at a fashionable watering-place, a girl—woman, rather—whose blue-eyed, golden-haired charms and practiced graces had bewildered and captivated his youthful fancy. His superior in years and knowledge of the world, but beneath him in birth and education, she was too keenly alive to the social advantages derivable from an alliance with the heir of an old and wealthy country family to let him slip through her fingers. By artifice, cajolery, and threats of appealing to the elder Mr. Blake—the best thing which could have happened to him, had he but known it—she accomplished her purpose, and he married her. His college life had ended, and fearing lest his rash act should be discovered, he persuaded his uncle that a continent tour was the fitting interlude between it and settling down to the active duties of life.

The couple were at Heidelberg when the news of Mr. Blake's illness arrived. It betokened some latent good in Norton's character that, although these tidings might have been supposed to solve his difficulties, they awakened in his breast but a feeling of sorrowful remorse, leavened perhaps, by satisfaction that, owing to the season being winter, and the tender age of her child, his wife was debarred from accompanying him from England.

As the first misery lessened came the remembrance of a forgotten complication in his affairs. Mr. Blake's household numbered another member besides his nephew. This was the orphan daughter of an old fellow-officer, to whom Mr. Blake had given the shelter of his home and the affection of a father. That Norton and Helen Venne should be united—so sharing equally the wealth and station he must in time resign—was his dearest wish. A tacit understanding to that effect had existed for some time. No definite promises had been exchanged, but Norton knew what was expected of him on his return.

Also, that were his uncle alive when he reached The Court, the disclosure of his marriage would be certainly followed by disinheritance; were he dead, it would deprive Helen of home and fortune. Whichever way he looked he saw nothing but trouble ahead. How he cursed his weak, infatuated folly as the train whirled him through the dark night, the howling wind and dreary, up-piled snow!

II.

Night's silence brooded over The Court as Norton drew up to the familiar door. Only a watch-dog's baying broke the stillness. Brilliant moonbeams silvered the sharp snow crystals covering lawn and flower beds; ruddy firelight from within touched with iridescent tints those clustered on window sill and pane. So had he seen the old house wrapped in its snow mantle on many a winter night. Its unchanged beauty awakened a yearning pain as for something passed beyond his reach forever—something unvalued before, whose loss brought shame, remorse, misgiving.

The warmth rushed out to meet him as the heavy door opened. More redly fell the firelight on the oaken-panelled hall than on the snow without. It flickered softly on Helen's burnished head as she greeted him with outstretched hands, tender, shining, welcoming eyes, cheeks carmined with pleasure.

Her loveliness struck him like a revelation. The touch of her hands made him shiver. Imagination placed beside her the figure of the woman whom he had made his wife. He turned aside with a gesture of dismay—an inward groan.

"He is alive—he is, indeed!" Helen said eagerly, mistaking his movement, thinking Norton feared her uttering the grim "Too late!" He heard the wheels; you must go to him without delay. He has watched for your coming, oh, so anxiously!"

The doctor came out of the sick room as Norton approached it. He had known Norton from boyhood, so understood somewhat of the anxiety he had caused Mr. Blake.

"Your uncle longs to see you," he said, laying hand impressively on the young man's arm, "but I cannot allow you to enter his room unless you are sure you can control your feelings. Remember, the least excitement may—nay must—be fatal. Gainsay him in nothing. Let him die in peace."

A choking sensation rose in Norton's throat as he passed to the bedside. The gray head lay motionless upon the pillow, but the dimming eyes, flooded with affection, fastened on his face—the feeble fingers enclosed his lovingly.

"You have come at last!" he murmured, trying to lay his hand on Norton's bowed head, as he knelt beside the bed. "What has kept you from me so long—my boy, my son?"

Norton muttered something unintelligible, the realization of his deceit bowing his head yet lower. With a sudden gathering together of his energies, Mr. Blake roused himself, and unheeding any reply, continued:

"You are my heir, Norton. I have left everything to you—everything! Even Hleen have I trusted to you. But now, lying here, I misdoubt if I have acted wisely by her. Promise, by all you hold sacred, that you will make Helen and her interests that the first and chief consideration of your life."

A warning pressure from the doctor's fingers and Norton promised. Sincerely too; indeed he felt a sense of relief that the pledge exacted was one he could accept. He would make Helen's well-being the study of his life.

"It can be done but in one way," resumed the old man with dangerous excitement, "that is, by making her your wife. You will fulfill the wish of my heart—ratify the tacit bond between you? Oh, Norton, say you will—do not deny me the only thing I ask!"

Again the warning pressure as the doctor vainly tried to soothe his patient. Norton hesitated. What could he say—what do? The color mounted to his brow, his lips trembled.

"Say something for heaven's sake!" whispered the doctor with energy. "Pacify him in some way—any way—or I cannot answer for the consequences."

Once more Norton's fatal weakness paralyzed his will. Through his homeward journey he had persuaded himself that nothing should induce him to let his uncle die in ignorance of his true position, his offense unforgiven as unknown. Disinheritance, pain, ignominy, were better, faced than that. So he had told himself—and now?

"Promise, Norton, promise!" The shrill voice rang piercingly imperative, the dying eyes looked up with a pleading agony, the thin hands clutched at his as if they would wring from him more than life itself, and Norton promised.

"Bring Helen! Where is Helen?" Mr. Blake cried with feverish impatience. "Let me hear her promise too. Only then can I rest in peace."

Helen came. She drew near to the bed with an expression of calm repose, of trusting strength on her beautiful face. Quickly this changed to one of shrinking, awe struck reserve, as she glanced from the gray, imperious features of the dying man to those of her—as she believed—lover set in a white look of pain and fear. Looking wonderingly from one to the other, the poor girl faltered out the promise required of her, Mr. Blake holding in his the hand of each as the words were spoken.

It was to Helen but the sealing of a vow—muttered, indeed, but long existent. No doubt of Norton's truth or honor assailed her. Yet, looking up into his pale, drawn face, a vague panic struck coldly to her heart, so joyless, so despairing, were the eyes that met her own.

"Nunc dimittis!" the sick man murmured, and sank back upon the pillows faint and exhausted.

III.

To the amazement alike of doctor and friends Mr. Blake rallied from the stupor into which he fell after his interview with Norton, drank the draught prescribed for him, sank into a calm slumber and awoke so much improved that hope whispered anew that recovery was possible. Time proved hope right. After many fluctuations between life and death danger gradually retreated; health dawned once more.

Through the week of convalescence the same imperious mandate wielded its iron sway. No excitement, no thwarting was on any account to be permitted.

Morning by morning Norton Blake rose from his bed vowing that, at all risks, he would before night disclose the fact of his marriage to Helen and his uncle. Evening always found him foresworn. Gradually the stifled conscience yielded to the fascination of the hour—allowed him to drift aimlessly down the stream of circumstances.

Alas! the seductions of the moment were all too sweet, the flowry path only to alluring. Vainly honor spoke and duty called; he was deaf and blind to aught but fear. Only when a letter from his wife arrived—coaxing, pleading, threatening—did his cheek pale and terror gnaw his breast. Helen's clear brow wore, sometimes, a furrow of perplexity as she saw the strange handwriting on the missive lying by his plate at breakfast time, and noticed his futile efforts to conceal the effects of its unwelcome appearance.

"Guileless by nature and singularly unversed in the world's deceits, Helen trusted Norton with the whole-heartedness of one who, estimating others by herself, scorned to see spot or blemish in those she loved. Norton saw, too late, what he had thrown away so recklessly—what infinite capacities of lifelong happiness he had blotted forever.

Yet no thought of sparing her crossed his mind. If any remembrance of the anguish surely awaiting Helen momentarily disturbed him, he quieted it by reflecting that chance often solves time's riddles in a manner equally unexpected and pleasant, and, unfortunately for all, chance was his fetish.

So the year budded into spring, and the charmed dream neared its end. Letters from Heidelberg became more imperative in tone, demands for money more urgent. Nor were threats of following Norton to England, and discovering for herself the cause of her husband's detention, lacking on the part of Mrs. Blake.

The master of The Court was intent upon accomplishing his nephew's marriage. Helen was busy making her bridal preparations—the wedding day itself all but fixed. Norton alone was listless, preoccupied, depressed. A horrible fear, a terrible foreboding of calamity, had taken possession of him. The bright sunshine the singing birds, the scent of violets, the upturned, placid primrose stars, made him faint and sick. Night and day he pondered over a way of escape, but none presented itself as feasible. He literally dared not encounter his uncle's wrath or Helen's scorn. Nothing remained to him but flight—flight from a danger he was too cowardly to face.

IV.

But two days remained before that fixed for the wedding. The Court was thronged with guests, and gay with merry voices, badinage and jest. In the ivy-draped windows lights were beginning to twinkle as in bitter—almost frenzied musings. So abstracted was he, that he scarcely noticed a station fly which, entering through the lodge gates, slowly passed him in the dusk. Neither did he remark a face which, peering through the glass, swiftly recognize him, and as quickly disappeared into the recesses of the vehicle. As he wearily mounted the last step to the door he became aware of a strange hubbub of arrival in the hall. His eyes fell on a blue-eyed, blonde-haired figure he knew but too well—his ears were pierced by a high-pitched voice only too familiar. There, too, stood Gretchen, the maid—even her stolid German phlegm stirred to interest as she presented her white-robed bundle to the astonished visitors and servants whose progress across the hall, or chatting by its wide fireplace, had been arrested to ascertain the cause of the tumult.

Norton saw it all as in a vivid photograph. He heard his wife's shrill voice exclaiming, with a toss of her flaxen head, and sarcastic laugh which jarred his nerves so acutely:

"Oh, there's no mistake—none whatever, I assure you! I am Mrs. Norton Blake, and this is our little son. I have every proof of what I assert. I passed my husband in the avenue. In a few minutes he will be here to corroborate my statement. Gretchen, raise baby's veil, and let Mr. Blake see how closely he resembles his father.

The old man had tottered into the hall to see what the confusion meant. Norton saw his face harden into a terrible sternness of disbelief as he confronted the intruder. He saw the whitening of Helen's lips and the defiant anguish in her eyes.

The great door still stood open. The fly waited, with its piled up luggage, below the terrace steps. Norton pressed yet closer into the shadow of the portico, and caught his breath to hear his wife's next words.

"My husband's continued absence was so unaccountable," she continued, with again the harsh laugh she fancied so fascinating, "that I determined to ascertain for myself the cause of his detention. I hope my advent is not utterly inconvenient, but Norton—dear, easy fellow!—will be delighted with the pleasant surprise I have planned for him."

Norton waited to hear no more. He slunk noiselessly down the steps, sped swiftly through the gardens and fled away in the darkness of the coming night.

Hidden away among the glades of the park lay a placid, hazel-fringed mere. Feathery larches waved over, lillies spread their broad leaves and silver cups upon, its still waters.

But the morrow's sunbeams, parting the fragrant larch plumes with slender, shing fingers, fell on something which the spreading lilly leaves tried pityingly to conceal. From the yellow hazel catkins the dew dropped like tears upon the dead face of a man whose body had drifted under the shelter of the bank, and that dead man was Norton Blake.

Out of his dilema he had found a road; but whether that road was the coward's one of suicide, or that, in his bewilderment he had wandered unwittingly to the mere, missed his footing in the darkness, and slipped into treacherous depths, it was an impossibility to determine.

A gamekeeper, going his early rounds found him in the pool. He was carried back to The Court, and "Death by misadventure" was the verdict at the inquest. "Death through selfish weakness" would have been a truer one.

Mr. Blake never recovered the shock and dissapointment of his nephew's death. He sank into a dotage, and for many tedious years Helen—a sad-eyed, prematurely-aged woman—was his devoted guardian.

The only bright thing in her life was Norton's little son, whom—humilated, frightened and subdued by the dreadful result of her manœuvre—Mrs. Blake had consented to relinquish and leave in Mr. Blake's charge, on the condition that his future would be provided for.

On an allowance, also supplied by Mr. Blake, she returned to the associates of her early life, and soon remarried—to the not little satisfaction of others besides poor stricken Mr. Blake and his dear adopted daughter.

If the height of a Fall bonnet was proportionate to its price, the roofs of the theatres would have to be raised. —*N. Y. Journal.*

J. H. Mercer would especially recommend to the ladies Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. As a laxative they have no equal. They are guaranteed to cure Chronic Constipation, Dyspepsia, and all diseases arising from a deranged stomach. With a free use of the Tablets, Sick Headache is impossible.

J. H. Mercer wishes to state that he has at last found an article he can sell on its merits. It is with pleasure he guarantees to the public Acker's English Remedy as a sure and never failing cure for Asthma, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, and all Lung Troubles. It is the standard remedy for Consumption. I have never found its equal.

J. H. Mercer wishes to make an assertion, which he can back with a positive guarantee. It is all about Acker's Blood Elixir. He claims for it superior merits over all other remedies of its kind, and guarantees for it a positive and sure cure for Rheumatism, Syphilis, and all blood disorders, it frees the skin from spots and disease, and leaves the complexion clear. Ask him about it.

Two Noted Minstrels.

WHO HAVE WON FORTUNES AND WHAT THEY SAY ABOUT STAGE LIFE.

From Stage Whispers.

"Billy" Emerson has recently made a phenominal success in Australia, and is rich.

Emerson was born in Belfast in 1846. He began his career with Joe Sweeney's minstrels in Washington in 1857. Later on he jumped into prominence in connection with Newcomb's minstrels with whom he visited Germany. He visited Australia in 1847 and on his return to America joined Haverley's minstrels in San Francisco at $500 a week and expenses. With this troupe he played before her majesty, the queen, the Prince of Wales, and royalty generally. After this trip he leased the Standard theatre, San Francisco, where for three years he did the largest business ever known to minstrelsy. In April last he went to Australia again, where he has "beaten the record."

"Billy" is a very handsome fellow, an excellent singer, he dances gracefully, and is a true humorist.

"Yes, sir, I have travelled all over the world, have met all sorts of people, come in contact with all sorts of customs, and had all sorts of experiences. One must have a constitution like a locomotive to stand it.

"Yes, I know I seem to bear it like a major and I do, but I tell you candidly that with the perpetual change of diet, water and climate, and if I had not maintained my vigor with regular use of Warner's safe cure I should have gone under long ago."

George H. Primrose, whose name is known in every amusement circle in America, is even more emphatic, if possible, than "Billy" Emerson, in commendation of the same article to sporting and traveling men generally, among whom it is a great favorite.

Emerson has grown rich on the boards and so has Primrose because they have not squandered the public's "favors."

Horses working in the field require watering more than three times a day. When a horse plunges its head deep into the trough to drink, it is injuriously thirsty and has been suffering. While the owner visits the water jug kept in the shade about once every hour, he scarcely ever thinks of his team, laboring in the dust, and suffering from thirst. It is a good plan to carry a supply of water to the field for the horses on a light drag, which is as easily taken as to drive the horses or lead them to the field in harness alone, and it would be a grateful change to carry a bunch of fodder along, to give them a mouthful when they rest at times. Regularity in watering them is a point which ought to be carefully observed, because they will worry when thirsty, until relieved. Soft water for drinking purposes is very much preferable to hard water.

Raw Eggs for the Sick.

We may speak of an article, says the *N. Y Medical Journal*, highly nutricious, easily digested and retained, and but little used, viz: raw eggs. The only objection to their use is the individual objections of the patients, and this only before the first is taken, for they seldom object after ward. The egg may be broken into a glass, care being taken that the yolk is not broken, and a little salt and pepper added if desired. The patient has scarcely the tronble of swallowing it, for it goes down itself. We have seen patients retain easily and even relish a raw egg, who could retain nothing else; more than six hundred have been taken in one case within three or four months. It goes without saying that the egg should be carefully selected; and, indeed, for fear that one which has seen its best days should disgust the patient, it were better to prepare the egg out of his sight.

Fires in the White House.

There was a fire in the Treasury last week. The city water works were comparatively useless at the time, and it is a wonder that the tons of valuable records and files were not destroyed. In the attic of the Treasury there is enough manuscript records to cover the state of Ohio. The accounts and certificates of the national banks of the country are kept here, and had the fire got a headway it is hard to estimate the loss. Neither the Capitol nor the White House is fire-proof. A fire in the Capitol might bring down the dome into the rotunda, and if it got into the Congressional Library nothing could save its half million books. Every one knows of the Capitol after the battle of Bladensburg, when the Capitol and the White House and all the public buildings were burned. Few, however, have ever heard that the White House was on fire during Van Buren's time. It was on Saturday evening, and the President was giving one of his state dinners. The party were at the table when a servant ran in and whispered some words to President Van Buren. He quietly excused himself and left the room. He was taken down to the kitchen which he found to be in flames. A few buckets of water, hower, sufficed to put out the fire, and he then returned to the company and explained the reason of his absence. When he had finished Henry Clay took the occasion to make one of his happy speeches. He said: "Mr. President, I am doing all I can to get you out of this house, but I assuredly do not want to burn you out!" There was another fire in the President's mansion in Washington's days. This occured while Washington was presiding in New York. It was in one of Martha Washington's drawing rooms, and a great party had assembled. The ceilings of the President's house were very low, and it was the fashion then for ladies to wear ostrich feathers in their head dresses. A Miss McIvers, a New York belle, had feathers which were extravagantly high, and in passing under the chandelier they caught fire and her whole head promised soon to be in flames. Major Jackson, an aide-de-camp of the President, was the first to notice it. He flew to the young lady's rescue, and clapping the feathers in his hands succeded in extinguishing the flames before they did any material damage. His hands were terribly burned, but he had the honor of being the hero of the season.—*Washington Letter.*

Marking Books.

The true book-lover is not always best adapted to getting from books the best service. His very fondness for his library often makes him treat it with a certain deference and consideration which interferes with its usefulness; while some rough book-tyrant, who rides rough-shod over his volumes, will wring from them an amount of help and support of which the bibliographer has neither experience or conception. The man, for instance, who really respects his books, treating them as friends if not as superiors, would regard as nothing less than sacrilege the means by which certain tough-skinned readers help themselves to the ends they desire. It would be as impossible for him to dog ear the leaves, pencil the margins, break the backs, or make a scrap book of the blank pages, as to "peep and botanize upon his mother's grave." He could no more deflour with foul marks the fair white pages of the volume whose guest he became, as it were, by being allowed to peruse it, than he could bring dishonor upon the house of his human entainer, whose salt he had eaten and whose wine he had drunk. The reader who scores the passages which attract his attention is to him a Goth, a Vandal, or whatever outer barbarian may be even worse than these redoubtable destroyers. He sees with a shudder such a one take up a volume, and has for every book in the destroyer's library the same profound pity which the captive man and brother excited in the sensitive soul of the ardent abolitionist.

Without examining the matter from so extreme a standpoint, we still seem to find good and sufficient reasons why the practice of marking books is a needless and senseless one. Allowing that a book is made for use, and that the student must consider himself before he does his books, it may still be granted that, other things being equal, a method of use which defaces the book is not so desirable as one which does not; and for a dozen obvious reasons, if one wishes to make usable references to the books he reads, nothing is so practical, so tidy and so simple as a system of slips arranged like a card index. The student is very little better off for having pencil marks against passages which have pleased him at first reading; he has simply indulged a childish desire to express his gratification, and might as well clap his hands or stamp his foot as to dab a black scratch down the clean margin of the page before him. Of the hundred people who marks books, it is safe to say that ninety-five per cent. have no purpose in the custom beyond such an outbreak of pleasure or dislike. We are not speaking of the sentimental young ladies, whose underscorings are so much in the nature of a personal revelation that the novels they read are better fitted to be burned as private diaries than for after circulation, but of really thoughtful and studious men; and of the five per cent. we have excluded, at least half never achieve any practical results by their annotations. They have a vague intention of some time referring to a choice passage, but that is the end of it, especially as it is difficult to see how a pencil mark in some shut book standing among a shelf-full of others would help him to find it if he remembers it when the occasion of use presents itself.

There is another point. The use of a crutch produces lameness. The man who treats his books rightly will be rewarded by the growth of a sixth sense in handling them. They will come half way to meet his inquiring intelligence. "Genuine bookmen," to quote John Hill Burton, "like printers, have a sort of instinct, sharpened by training and practice, the power and acuteness of which astonishes the unlearned;" they read with their fingers, getting more

THE COLUMBIAN.

O. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1885.

Cardinal McCloskey, the first and only American Cardinal, died in New York last Friday, aged 75 years. He was created cardinal by the Pope in 1875, and had been in the priesthood over fifty years.

The Ohio Election.

The election in Ohio Tuesday involved Governor, Lieutenant Governor, State Treasurer, Attorney General, two Supreme Judges, one member of State Board of Public Works, and the Legislature that will elect the successor to John Sherman in the United States Senate. A vote was also taken upon four amendments to the Constitution of the State, three of which relate to changing the State election from October to November and one to changing the term of office for township trustees. The returns indicate the success of the Republican State ticket by about 18,000 majority and the election of a Republican Legislature. The republican majority is probably not more than half that given for Blaine last year. A republican state has gone republican and it cannot be considered as a democratic reverse, though from the general situation of politics in that state there was some reason to hope for democratic success.

Revocation of Licenses.

On the trial of the case of Com. vs George Verner, at this (September) term, it appeared from the testimony of Michael Garran the prosecutor, of George Verner the defendant, and of Patrick Geraty and John Brennan two of the witnesses for the commonwealth, that Andrew C. Rooney and W. J. Sweeney of Centralia had, on the 20th September, 1885, being Sunday, furnished them liquor (brandy and porter at Rooney's, beer and perhaps something stronger at Sweeney's) which they drank on the premises and for which the Hungarian (Garran) paid.

Upon its own motion, the court granted a rule upon the licensees named, returnable on Saturday 10th inst., at 10 o'clock in the morning, to show cause why their licenses should not be revoked; requiring (in the rule) a sufficient denial of the facts above stated to satisfy the court that they were untrue, or else they should be taken *pro confesso*.

At the hour appointed for the return of the rule, Sweeney did not appear; and counsel for Rooney did not present any evidence, although he made a statement, saying *inter alia* that Rooney was not perfectly acquainted with the law.

The court, revoking both licenses, said:

If any person who has a license is so ignorant of the law that he does not know that he has no right to sell liquors on Sunday, he is not a fit man to hold a license; but no such excuse can be made by any man, because the public is too well informed upon the subject for anybody to attempt to impose upon the court by an alleged lack of knowledge on his part. At any rate, if we believed that any person was so ignorant of his duties in that respect, we would withold from him a license in the first place; and would revoke it after we had given it, on proof of such ignorance afterwards brought.

In these two cases there was a palpable violation of the law, proved beyond question and quite openly done. There is no course left for us (and it is a duty that we perform without any compunction at all) but to revoke these licenses, which we now do."

The following orders were then made by the Court:

In the matter of Rule on W. J. Sweeney to show cause why his Restaurant license shall not be revoked.

And now Oct. 10, 1885, it appearing that the said W. J. Sweeney has been duly served with a copy of the rule in this case, and he declining to answer thereto, and it having appeared by the testimony of the witnesses and also of that of the respondent in open court, that he did, on Sunday the 20th day of September last, sell intoxicating drinks to several persons, this rule is therefore made absolute, and the license granted to the said W. J. Sweeney on the 4th day of May last, to keep a restaurant or eating house in the Borough of Centralia is hereby revoked. By THE COURT.

In the matter of Rule on Andrew C. Rooney to show cause why the license shall not be revoked.

And now Oct. 10, 1885, it appearing that the said Andrew C. Rooney has been duly served with a copy of the rule in this case, and he declining to file any answer thereto, and it having appeared by the testimony of several witnesses in open Court that he did, on Sunday the 20th day of September last, at his saloon in the Borough of Centralia, sell to diverse persons brandy and other intoxicating drinks this rule is therefore made absolute, and the license granted to the said Andrew C. Rooney on the 4th day of May last to keep a Restaurant or Eating house in said Borough is hereby revoked. By THE COURT.

Why They Protest.

Before the nomination of Quay the Philadelphia *Press* and other Republican newspapers distinctly warned the party of the probable consequences. They informed the Ring managers that self-respecting Republicans, however strong in their partisanship could not be expected to vote for a man of his antecedents and reputation.

They asked, "What are conscientious Republicans to say in defense, when men point to the jobbery and corruption of the old State Ring, to the shameless plunder of the state treasury under Kemble, Mackey and Quay, to the railroad schemes to rob the sinking fund, and to keep the people in the shackles of monopoly, to the Riot Bill villany, and to the infamous pardon of the convicted criminals; all of which are represented by Quay, who is avowedly nominated because he does represent them?

This is substantially what was said by the better class of Republican journals before the nomination. They did not particularly develop these monstrous scandals because they were matters of history and general notoriety.

But the old managers of the Treasury Ring and the railroad lobby paid no attention to the *Press* and its coadjutors. They declared that the people were tired of honesty and economy and decency in official life; that the masses of the Republican party sighed for a complete reinstatement of the Ring bosses and would be satisfied with nothing less than the nomination of the most disreputable of the lot; that they wanted machine rule, machine methods and all that they imply, including the morals of the Riot Bill enterprise and of the Quay pardon board; and they particularly desire an eminent examplar of "addition, division and silence" at the head of the treasury, so as to revive the old system of plunder in all its ancient perfection.

They had their way. They nominated Quay in spite of the avalanche of protests, and, to be entirely consistent, the committee on resolutions set down heavily and incontinently upon Senator Emery's mild little anti-discrimination resolution, thus giving due notice that the Republican party was formally committed to railroad monopoly as well as to official profligacy.

And now what are the people going to do about it? When Wm. M. Tweed, with insolence no greater, asked this question, Samuel J. Tilden, Charles O'Conor and the tax payers of New York, without distinction of party, furnished him an unexpected answer.

And now the Independent Republicans of Pennsylvania make answer to Quay's campaign manager with the above protest.

They have ample cause for their action.

Good Times Coming.

"Every legitimate effort of labor to better its condition, enhance its rewards and protect its rights, commands the sympathy and support of the Democratic party. The importation under contract of foreign pauper labor is an evil which should be remedied by judicious legislation." — From the PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATIC STATE PLATFORM.

Last Fall the Republican croakers went up and down the State of Pennsylvania predicting dire results to business and labor if Cleveland was elected.

At that time all business was depressed, investments unprofitable and labor ill-rewarded as the results of 24 years of Republican misrule, extravagance and corruption.

Cleveland was elected. His administration is barely six months old. What are the results? Read the testimony of Republican newspapers.

The Lancaster *New Era* says (see its leading editorial, Sept. 15, 1885):

"SIGNS OF BETTER TIMES.

"The financial circular of Henry Clews & Co. for the present month regards it as a reasonable and safe conclusion that the recent marked improvement in the price of securities betokens *a general improvement in the business of the Metropolis and the country at large.* Judging from ordinary experience such a recovery was to be expected about this time. It is true that *the depression following the panic of* 1873 *lasted five years*, but it is to be remembered that the panic of 1873 was one of extraordinary violence and required an unprecedented period for the adjustment of its effects, whilst the recent depression has been due to less radical derangements and therefore needed a much briefer period for its process of repair. Facts, however, are superior to inference, and they show beyond question *a very decided improvement in business from the St. Lawrence to the Gulf and the Pacific.*

"Messrs. Clews & Co. assure us that the recovery is apparent in *a better demand for products of every class, and is the beginning of a gradual but evidently genuine advance in prices. Even the iron trade, which has been most severely depressed and is conceded to be one of the safest indicators of business at large, is now working on orders that insure employment for months ahead.* The reports of commercial travelers to their firms at the centres of trade indicate a general recovery of demand and an end of waiting for lower prices. * * * *Altogether, the financial and business outlook is quite encouraging."*

$10.000 For Breach of Promise.

A YOUNG GIRL GETS A VERDICT AGAINST A PENNSYLVANIA SHERIFF OF SEVENTY.

Dushore is a pretty little town among the Blue Ridge Mountains, in Sullivan county. For some weeks the people for miles around have been discussing a breach of promise case tried before the county court. Both parties are well known in Laporte and the adjacent towns. One is a girl of 23 and the other is a man of 70, the sheriff of the county. Miss Arabella Kentner is a brunette of vivacious manners and has been considered the belle of Laporte. Lewis Zaner, the Sheriff, has resided in the county for 57 years. Miss Kentner has resided in Dushore all her life. After she began to go into society Lewis Zaner was very attentive to her, and when his wife died, in August, 1884, Zaner commenced to pay her the closest attention and finally asked her to marry him, promising to give her $20,000, it is alleged. Miss Kentner accepted the offer. Zaner went to Miss Kentner one evening, it is said, and told her he could not marry her in Dushore, as he was afraid of the interference of relatives, but if she would go West he would meet her and they would be married. He would give her money to buy wedding clothes and enough to take her to Detroit, and he was to follow. Miss Kentner arrived in Detroit, but failed to get any reply from Zaner, although she wrote to him several times.

On the stand she told a pitiful story of being left destitute in a strange city and said she reached home at last only to find that Lewis Zaner had married another girl. Miss Kentner immediately sought the counsel of a lawyer and the case was brought up before arbitrators and was brought to trial on Monday of last week. Miss Kentner sued Zaner for $20,000 damages. Zaner tried to prove that Miss Kentner was not of good character, but hosts of witnesses testified to the contrary. Miss Kentner's mother is poor but very respectable. The minister of the church which Miss Kentner attended, Rev. G. L. Burson, gave testimony in the case. Witnesses said that Zaner had borne a bad reputation. The jury returned a verdict in Miss Kentner's favor, awarding her $10,000.

East Benton.

The "shark" is a detestable creature whether found on land or sea. Last week a certain country merchant gave us his experience in his encounter with one in the following words as nearly as we recollect them. "One day a man drove up to my store, tied his horse, came in and inquired whether I had new coal oil lamps. "Yes sir," said I. "Let me see one," said he. Handing him one, he put another burner on it, filled it with oil, lit it, and said, "what do you think of that? "Perfectly splendid," said I. "This oil" said he, "is superior to all ordinary coal oils, burns as long again and makes a much better light." He then proposed to sell a township right and recipe for making the oil for $50, which would cost me only 14 cts per gallon, or if he furnished me with the oil 20 cts per gallon which I could sell for 50 or 60 cts per gallon. Seeing that someone would certainly buy the right I offered $25, which he accepted and the terms were stipulated and closed. He gave his name, and Pittston as his place of manufacture and residence And also the name of a druggist in Philadelphia who kept the ingredients of said oil. "To introduce this oil" said he, "keep your lamp burning all day and evening for two weeks and call the special attention of your customers to its superiority and cheapness" which I did and at the end of that time he would furnish me with a supply. At the end of two weeks persons from all over the township came with cans, eager for the new oil, but no supply came, I wrote to him, but received no answer, wrote again, no answer, I then wrote to the P. M. at Pittston and inquired whether such a person manufacturing a certain oil lived at that place, the P. M wrote and said that he knew nothing of such a person or oil. I then wrote to the druggist at Philadelphia to forward the ingredients necessary for the manufacture of the oil, and he replied that he did not know of any such ingredients nor what they were. Thus you see the result of a sharp and disgraceful trick.

A similiar case occurred in our neighborhood not many years ago when a sharper stopped with an aged and unsuspecting neighbor and offered a lottery ticket for $18 which would certainly draw a sewing machine, and in all probability (we think) an Estey organ. The ticket was bought, and at a certain (not distant) date these articles would be shipped to Berwick in care of ———. The neighbor sent a man and conveyance after the articles in question, but when he arrived at the place of their expected destination there was neither machine, organ, man, or anything else of the kind. No one at Berwick knew of any such person who had thus misrepresented himself and deceived and robbed our neighbor,

It is of the greatest importance that every person of honest propensities keep a sharp lookout and avoid these scamps, thieves and cut throats who infest the country and occasionally entrap the unwary.

The Fair attracted a large crowd on Friday and Saturday. We became more and more conviced that gambling should be excluded from our Fairs. If for nothing else we believe that the example is demoralizing in the extreme. It successfully teaches that a living can be made without honest labor, or effort, or without rendering an equivalent for ill gotten gain. The general tendency of the rising generation is to evade and shirk labor and compromise with a livelihood on the most easy terms, whether honorable or not. The public attention will sooner or later be forcibly drawn to this fact by actual necessity, more than as a mere matter of fact.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 14, 1885.

Congress will assemble in six weeks and the election of a speaker and the organization of the Committees will probably be accomplished with less trouble than at any previous congress for thirty years. Mr. Carlisle will be elected without opposition, and, I have no doubt, has already on paper the arrangement of the principal committees.

There is no reason why congress should not transact considerable business before Christmas. If it shall succeed in getting a good start it will have time for more deliberation and debate on the appropriation bills. The appropriations to be asked for by the different Cabinet officers will be considerably less than has been asked by previous Republican administrations. Much has been accomplished in the direction of economy; useless employes have been discharged, leaks have been stopped, and thousands of dollars have been saved in every Department. There is no reason why the debates on the appropriation bills should consume more than two or three days each. Heretofore they have been protracted for a week or more and then hurried through half made up in the closing days of the session. The delay in the passage of the bills has been on account of democratic opposition to their extravagance and the jobs with which they were loaded. But the Republican minority in the lower house cannot, without stultifying themselves, oppose the coming appropriations, for they will be for smaller amounts than they have often advocated and voted for.

All signs point to a smooth, business-like session, as far as the lower house is concerned. There is probability of considerable agitation of the tariff question, and possibility of surprises in the springing of new issues. The Chinese question is still unsettled, and the labor question in its different phases is sure to come up for discussion.

The Senate will, in all probability, be a centre of greater interest at the Capitol than the House. Several Bourbon Senators have recently shown their incapacity to learn or forget. The delirium Shermans has also a firm hold on Logan and Hoar. They will doubtless rave and rumble in the Senate this winter. Not even time can teach old Senators new tricks. The Republican party is absolutely without an issue. Sherman and his imitators know that the old sectional bloody shirt romance is more easily rehashed and is more convenient for their party than the hopeless task of defending its long record of official rottenness and corruption.

The even and conservative policy of the President has left the Republicans without even the semblance of ground for objection and has absolutely forced them to take up again the bloody shirt.

The President and his Cabinet afford but little material now for newspaper gossip. They are ceaseless in their application to their special duties, and are giving all their spare time to the preparation of their annual reports. President Cleveland's candor is remarkable to say the least, and it is new at the White House. Hayes was sniffling and insincere; Garfield was a gusher, profuse in promises; Arthur was dignified and exclusive, but Cleveland is what some have called "brutally candid." During the last week several delegations have been told that it was useless for them to visit the White House as their wishes could not be complied with, and a committee of Dakota democrats were very bluntly informed that a man whom they came to oppose would receive the appointment he sought. But the most remarkable illustration of the President's candor is found in the correspondence that has just been published, regarding the telephone suit.

Under previous administrations such a mistake as the Department of Justice was led into would have been corrected without publicity or buried in silence, but the President not only required the Attorney-General and his solicitor to reconsider their action but gave the correspondence about it to the press. There is something to admire in this act of his, as well as in the promptness with which Mr. Garland and Mr. Goode assented to his wishes, but they will receive no credit from the partisan papers, which are always on the alert for subjects of criticism, but never see anything to commend.

Flood Rock Exploded.

On Saturday last at a little after eleven o'clock the explosion of Flood Rock in the New York harbor took place. In 1866 General Newton conceived the idea of blowing up the rocks in the harbor and immediately began the work. On the 24th of September 1876 he was ready to try his first work of exploding the rocks. The explosion was made by electricity, and a little daughter of General Newton's, then but two years old, pushed the key and sent the mighty rocks asunder.

So succesful was it that work was begun on Flood Rock and has been progressing steadily. Two shafts were sunk and then tunneling was begun in all directions. Eighty thousand cubic yards of rock were taken out to make the 21,600 feet of galleries, leaving 275,000 cubic yards to be disposed of by Saturday's explosion. The rock was irregular and badly fissured and it was delicate work to drive the headings. In places both roof and sides had to be supported by timbers. Another difficulty was to keep the mine free from water, which trickled in at various fissures. Rackarock, a comparatively new explosive of the dynamite order, was principally used in the form of cartridges. Nearly 225,000 pounds of this compound were used, with 50,000 or 60,000 pounds of dynamite. Each cylinder containing the explosive was watertight. In the works at Hallett's Point, out of 4,500 cartridges all but 800 were fired by direct ignition through the agency of a platinum wire heated red hot. The wiring for the same proportion of the 14,000 cartridges in Flood Rock would have been an enormous job, and less than one-fifth were thus treated and exploded by direct ignition, the others being exploded by sympathy or concussion. The cartridges fired by ignition were divided into a score or two of circuits, the current for each of which was supplied by a battery. The circuits were closed by the action of an electro magnet under control of another circuit. The action was the familiar one of a number of relay batteries in a telegraph office.

General Newton's daughter, now 11 years of age, again touched the electric button, the current was released, each man held his breath for a particle of a second of time, and before the sixtieth part of the minute had been ended Flood Rock was shivered. There was a dull, reverberating report and then a mighty mass of water went up to meet the sky. It was a sight sublime. The water was as white as purest snow. It went up in three big blocks, each tapering into peaks as it reached its highest attitude and glistening in the sun like molten silver. The centre peak was a third of an acre wide at its base and a yard wide at its greatest height, which seemed one hundred feet. On either side of it were two greater blocks of water, which ascended at least two hundred feet into the air and tapered off at the ends just like any mountain top as seen in the distance The three great sheets of water seemed to pause a few moments when their highest altitude was attained, and then they looked as if they were snow capped peaks transplanted from the Sierras. As they came down slowly, grandly, solemnly, as befitted them, the sun played against the glistening sides and depicted every shade of the rainbow. It was an entrancing picture. The descent of the mighty mass of water took three seconds of time, and then the white foam was lost in the angry mud boiling up from the bowels of the river's bed. The seething waters churned up solid blocks of rock weighing tons apiece and sent the surrounding waves rolling in upon the land. Then as the rocks and mud sank from sight a heavy pillar of dark cloud shot up. It had a sulphurous smell, and those who asked were told that the cloud contained all the noxious gases that had accumulated in the mine in all the years since work was first begun. Then as the cloud floated up to meet the sky the waters began to settle down to their normal condition, the mist cleared away and the last sign of the mighty blast was gone.

Three Peculiarities

Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier and regulating medicine, is characterized by three peculiarities, namely:

1st: The combination of the various remedial agents used.

2d: The proportion in which the roots, herbs, barks, etc., are mixed.

3d: The process by which the active medicinal properties are secured.

The result is a medicine of unusual strength and curative power, which effects cures heretofore unequalled. These peculiarities belong exclusively to Hood's Sarsaparilla, and are

Unknown to Others

Hood's Sarsaparilla is prepared with the greatest skill and care, by pharmacists of education and long experience. Hence it is a medicine worthy of entire confidence. If you suffer from scrofula, salt rheum, or any disease of the blood, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, or kidney and liver complaints, catarrh or rheumatism, do not fail to try

Hood's Sarsaparilla

"I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to all my friends as the best blood purifier on earth." WM. GAFF, druggist, Hamilton, O.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured me of scrofulous humor, and done me worlds of good otherwise." C. A. ARNOLD, Arnold, Me.

A book containing many additional statements of cures will be sent to all who desire.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

WANTED. RELIABLE MEN to sell our goods. A full line of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, Roses, &c. Several hundred varieties in stock. Also introducer and sole proprietor of MOORE'S DIAMOND Grape. Liberal terms to agents. J. F. LECLARE, Brighton, N. Y. oct-16-d-4t

SALARY OR COMMISSION.

WANTED Immediately a few good men to canvass for the sale of Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Roses, &c. Previous experience not essential. H. P. FREEMAN & CO., Brighton, N. Y. oct-16-d-4t

Intelligent SOLICITORS WANTED for **GEN. GRANT'S** OWN BOOK

HIS OWN ACCOUNT of the greatest military struggle of modern times. 200,000 already ordered! Success of agents is marvelous. Address, HUBBARD BROS., Phila., Pa. oct-16 d. 4t.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. Oct. 16-1y

25¢ A BOTTLE SALVATION OIL KILLS PAIN

"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain." Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy: Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swelling, Stiff Neck, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Lumbago, Pleurisy, Sores, Frostbites, Backache, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Sciatica, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Female, Complaints, etc. Only 25 cts. a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Caution—The genuine Salvation Oil bears our registered trade mark, and our fac-simile signature. A. G. Meyer & Co., Sole Proprietors, Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and is the best of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists. Price, 25 cents.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

COLDS. "Oneida, Ohio, Sept. 10, 1882. "Having been subject to a bronchial affection, with frequent colds, for a number of years, I hereby certify that AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL gives me prompt relief, and is the most effective remedy I have ever tried. JAMES A. HAMILTON, Editor of *The Crescent*."

COUGHS. "Mt. Gilead, Ohio, June 28, 1882. "I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL this spring for a severe cough and lung trouble with good effect, and I am pleased to recommend it to any one similarly affected. HARVEY BATCHMAN, Proprietor Globe Hotel." PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists

WANTED ON SALARY

EXPENSES PAID:—Salesmen for the Hooker Nurseries. Established 18-5. All the newest and best sorts of fruit and ornamental trees, vines, &c. Send for Terms. H. E. HOOKER COMPANY, Sept 25-2m Rochester, N. Y.

LADIES!

With Hanover's Tailor System you can cut Dresses to fit, without oral instructions. Dress-makers pronounce it perfect. Price for System Book and Double Tracing Wheel, $6.50.

TO INTRODUCE,

A System, Book and Wheel will be sent on receipt of $1.00. Address JOHN C. HANOVER, Cincinnati, O. Sept 25-4w

HOW IS YOUR BACK? -If it aches- APPLY A HOP PLASTER

What is the use of suffering with Backache, Pain in the Side or Hip, Sciatica, Rheumatism, Kidney Diseases, Crick, Stitches, Swollen and tired Muscles, Chest and Lung troubles, or any sort of pain or soreness, either local or deep-seated when a Hop Plaster will give instant relief? Prepared from Burgundy Pitch, Canada Balsam, and the pain-killing virtues of Hops. The best strengthening plaster ever known. Thousands say so. Sold by all dealers. Mailed on receipt of price, 25c., 5 for $1.00. HOP PLASTER COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

Strongest and Best!

Illustrated American STOCK BOOK A treatment of diseases of Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Sheep; record of fast horses; how to train them, &c. *Thousands sold in the West. No farmer can afford to be without it.* ROBERT BONNER says: "It is the best work of the kind I ever saw." Price: cloth, $5; leather, $5.75. Sent prepaid. Agents Wanted. Exclusive Territory Given. Knickerbocker Subscription Agency, P. O. Box 830. 132 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK. oct 9-4w r

Mason & Hamlin

ORGANS: Highest Honors at all Great World's Exhibitions, eighteen years. One Hundred Styles, $26. to $900. Five Per Cent. Cash, Easy Payments or Interest. Catalogues free.

PIANOS: Now made and being sold on the correspondent system as much longer as Pianos on the preceding system. Its wearing qualities unparalleled. Remarkable for power, purity and singing quality.

ORGAN AND PIANO CO.

154 Tremont St., Boston. 46 E. 14th St. (Union Sq.), N. Y. 149 Wabash Ave., Chicago. Oct 9-4w ald

ELMIRA COLLEGE

FOR WOMEN offers superior courses of study in College, Eclectic, and Preparatory Departments; also in Music and Art. Heated by steam and furnished with an elevator. Address A. W. COWLES, D. D., Elmira, N. Y. Oct. 2-1w d

E. B. BROWER

PLUMBING,

GAS FITTING & STEAM HEATING.

DEALER IN

STOVES & TINWARE.

All kinds of work in Sheet Iron, Roofing and Spouting promptly attended to.

Strict attention given to heating by steam.

Corner of Main & East Sts.,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOSEPH KLINE, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Joseph Kline, late of Mt. Pleasant township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned executor. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

JOSEPH CRAWFORD, Orangeville, Pa.
G. M. KLINE, Canby, Pa.
Sept. 11 Executors.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

Saturday, Oct. 31st, 1885,

at 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Main township, Columbia county and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of Aaron Miller and D. S. Brown on the east by lands of F. P. Grover, on the south by a public road, leading from Mainville to Millmville and on the west by lands of N. H. W. Brown, containing eighty-two acres, more or less whereon are erected a two story stone house, bank barn, wagon shed and outbuildings.

ALSO, All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in said twp. of Main, county and state aforesaid, bounded on the north by lands of Emanuel Mauser, on the east by lands of Aaron Miller and public road, on the south by lands of D. S. Brown and Jacob Brown, and on the west by lands of Benjamin Nuss, Wm. Mensinger and James Keefer, containing one hundred and two acres more or less, whereon are erected a frame dwelling house, bank barn and outbuildings.

ALSO, One other piece or parcel of land situate in twp., county and state aforesaid, bounded on the north and east by lands of Pierce Grover on the south by lands formerly of Henry G. Miller's heirs and on the west by lands of Jacob Brown, containing twenty acres more or less of timber land.

ALSO, A certain plantation or tract of land situate in Mifflin twp., county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: On the north by lots of Albert Millard, and lands formerly of Samuel Creasy, on the east by Race street of said village of Millmville, on the south by lot of Wm. Eckroth, and Samuel Creasy and on the west by Fair street of said village, containing four acres of land more or less, being lot No. 4 as designated in Orphans' Court Sale.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of J. W. John and S. Knorr Exr's. of Stacy John deceased, vs. David S. Brown and to be sold as the property of David S. Brown. JOHN MOUREY, Vend. Ex. Sheriff. Knorr Atty.

AMENDMENT OF CHARTER OF THE COLUMBIA COUNTY AGRICULTURAL HORTICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL ASSOCIATION.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county for leave to amend the charter of the above named corporation, under the Act of Assembly of 29 April, 1874, as follows: By an addition to Article 3 of five sections providing that the initiation fee of new members shall be paid on or before December 1st; providing for perpetual membership; providing for certificates of perpetual membership and their transfer; members in arrears not entitled to membership ticket for current year. Article 5 is so amended as to make the Treasurer a member of the Executive Committee, and provides for the appointment of an Auditing Committee. Article 7 provides that all salaries and pay of officers shall be fixed annually by the Society. Article 8 changes the time of holding the annual meeting to January. Article 10 changes a quorum from 12 to 25. Article 11 authorizes the Association to hold real estate. If no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, these amendments will be allowed by the Court on the 10th day of next November.

H. V. WHITE, Secretary. FREAS FOWLER, President. Oct, 2-3w

AGENTS WANTED FOR OUR NEW BOOK "SPY OF THE REBELLION."

Now selling by the *Tens of thousands!* No competition. Only book of its kind. The "SPY" reveals many *secrets of the war* never before published. A graphic account of the conspiracy to assassinate Lincoln. Perilous experiences of our FEDERAL SPIES in the Rebel Capitol; their heroic bravery fully recounted in these vivid sketches. The "Spy" is the most thrilling war book ever published. Endorsed by hundreds of Press and Agents' testimonials. A large handsome book, 608 pages; 50 illustrations.

AGENTS WANTED!

AGENTS! This book is *out-selling* all others. Over *one hundred thousand* applications for agencies have been received. We have many agents who have sold from *two to five hundred copies.*

☞ The "SPY" is sold only by our Agents, and can not be found in bookstores. Sells to merchants, farmers, mechanics, and everybody. *A lively agent can surely sell from 5 to 10 copies per day.* We want one agent in every Grand Army Post and in every township and county in the U. S. For full particulars and *terms to agents* address G. W. CARLETON & CO., Publishers, New York.

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

I, JOHN MOUREY, high Sheriff of Columbia county, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and proclaim to the qualified electors of Columbia county that a general election will be held on

Tuesday, November 3 '85

being the Tuesday next following the first Monday of said month) for the purpose of electing the several persons hereinafter named, to-wit:

One person for Treasurer of Pennsylvania.
One person for Sheriff of Columbia County.
One person for District Attorney of Columbia County.
One person for Coroner of Columbia county.
Two persons for Jury Commissioners of Columbia county.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid election in the several wards, boroughs, districts and townships within the county of Columbia are as follows, viz:

Beaver township, at the public house of Potter Smith.
Benton township, at the public house of Hiram Hess, in the town of Benton.
East Bloom, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg.
West Bloom, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg.
East Berwick, at the little office of Jackson & Woodin in the borough of Berwick.
West Berwick, at the office of W. J. Knorr, in the borough of Berwick.
Borough of Centralia, at the public house of William Pelger.
Briarcreek township, at the public school house near Evansville.
Catawissa township, at the public house of W. A. Yetter.
Centre township, at the school house near Lafayette Creasy's.
North Conyngham District, at the school house near the colliery of John Anderson & Co.
South Conyngham District, at the house of Mrs Thomas Monroe.
Fishingcreek township, at the school house near C. B. Wilt's.
Franklin township, at the Lawrence school house.
Greenwood township, at the house of I. D Patton.
Hemlock township, at the public house of Chas. H. Dietterich, in the town of Buck Horn.
Jackson township, at the house of Ezekiel Cole.
Locust township, at the public house of Daniel Knorr, in Numedia.
Millin township, at the public house of Aaron Hess, in the town of Millmiville.
Madison township, at the public school house in Jerseytown.
Mt. Pleasant township, at the Millertown school house.
Montour township, at the public house of W. O. Holmes, at Rupert.
Main township, at the public house of Jeremiah E. Longenberger.
Roaringcreek township, at the house of Samuel Miller.
Orange township, at G. Heckman's hotel in Orangeville.
Pine township, at the Centre School House.
Sugarloaf township, at the house of Norman Cole.
West Scott at the public house of R. Fatrman in Lightstreet.
East Scott township, at the public house of Jacob Miller, in Espy.

At all elections hereafter held under the laws of this Commonwealth, the election polls shall be opened at seven o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue open without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening when the polls will be closed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That every person excepting Justices of the Peace and Aldermen, Notaries Public and Persons in the militia service of the State, who shall hold or shall within two months have held any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States or of this State, and city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislature, Executive or Judiciary department of this state, or of any city or of any incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, are by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

The Inspectors and Judge of the elections shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district to which they respectively belong, before seven o'clock in the morning, and each of said inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

The qualified voters of the several districts in this county at all general, township borough and special elections, are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets printed or written, or partly printed and partly written severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all Judges of Courts voted for, and labelled, outside, "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the State officers voted for and to be labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including the office of Senator, and Members of Assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, and be labelled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labelled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled "Borough."

And each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes. JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

Dr. McTaggart

This noted Specialist of Scranton, is the only specialist this side of New York, Philadelphia and Buffalo who makes an exclusive specialty of treating chronic, long standing and lingering diseases to which man and womankind are subject, such as Consumption, Bronchial affections, Scrofula, Salt-Rheum, Loss of Manhood, Skin diseases, Rheumatism, Ulcers, Old Sores, Epilepsy, Syphilis, Deafness, Loss of Voice, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chills and Fever, Worms, Liver complaint, Cancers, Tumors, Paralysis, Tape worm, Heart disease, &c., &c.

☞ Female diseases a specialty.

No matter how long you have been suffering nor how many Doctors you have employed in vain, you should apply to Dr. MCTAGGART at once, when he will tell directly without holding out false hopes whether your disease is strictly curable or can only be relieved.

He owes his wide reputation for the successful treatment of all lingering or chronic diseases to experience and close application for over 20 years, and to no *miraculous power.*

WHAT THE PAPERS SAY:

"He is skilful honest, emicent, upright and reliable and well worthy of the people's confidence and esteem. He always says exactly what he means and means exactly what he says."—Scranton *Republican.*

"He is too useful a man to lose."—Lackawanna *Democrat.*

"S——."—John P. Hannon, Ashland.

Corner Lackawanna and Washington Avenues.

SCRANTON, PA.

Sept 11-1y

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	.85 to 90
Rye " "	56
Corn " "	50
Oats " "	32
Flour per barrel	5 00 & 6 00
Butter	20
Eggs	16
Tallow	05
Potatoes new	40
Dried Apples	02
Hams	11
Sides and shoulders	08
Chickens	08
Turkeys	12
Lard per pound	10
Hay per ton	16 00
Beeswax	25
Hides per lb	5 to 7
Veal skins per lb	07
Wool per lb	35

COAL ON WHARF.

No 6 $2.00; Nos 4 & 5 $3.25 Bituminus, $4.

Philadelphia Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FEED.—Western winter bran, spot, 14.50 @ 15. Spring 13.75 @ 14.25.

FLOUR.—Western extra's 3.00 @ 3.25; Penn a family, 4.00 @ 4.25 Ohio clear, 4.25; winter patent 5.00 @ 5.50; Penna. roller process 4.37½ @ 4.67½.

WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, No. 1, 98½.

CORN.—89½ @ 90.

OATS.—No. 3 white @ 31 No. 2, 33½

HAY AND STRAW Timothy—Choice Western and New York, 15. @15.50 fair to good Western and New York, 12. @ 14.; medium Western and New York, 10. @ 12.; Cut hay as to quality 20. @ 21. Rye straw 16, Wheat straw, 10. Oat straw 9 @ 10

EGGS.—Pennsylvania 20; western 21.

BUTTER.—Pennsylvania creamery prints 24 @ 25 Western extra 20

LIVE POULTRY.—Fowls, 10, mixed lots 9 roosters 6 @ 7.

POTATOES.—Early Rose, 50 @ 60; Burbands, 50 @ 60; Onions, 1.65 @ 1.75 per bbl. for yellow, 1.25 @ 1.40 red.

A BIG OFFER. To introduce them we will give away 1000 Washing Machines. If you want one send us your name, P. O. and express office at once. THE NATIONAL CO., Oct. 2-4w 21 Dey St., N. Y.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

PHILADELPHIA

T

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER, 16, 1885.

CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:36 a. m.	11:49 a. m.
3:42 p. m.	6:18 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:23 a. m.	8:30 a. m.
10:21 a. m.	11:44 a. m.
2:20 p. m.	4:34 p. m.
6:36 p. m.	8:47 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:52 a. m.	12:08 p. m.
8:37 p. m.	4:15 p. m.
SUNDAY.	
NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:14 a m	7:0 0 p m

Cheap Advertisements.

Advertisements will be inserted in our ocal columns at the following rates:

Situations wanted, free.
Lost or found, free.
Help wanted, 20 cents.
Rooms to rent, 20 cents.
One time each, or 3 times, 40 cents.

Standing Offers.

The COLUMBIAN is offered on the following terms:

COLUMBIAN and N. Y. Weekly *World* 1 yr.	$2.20
" " Phila, " *Times* "	2.35
" "*American Agriculturist*"	2.50
" "*Tribune & Farmer* "	2.25

Other papers will be added to this list.

For 4 new subscribers to the COLUMBIAN accompanied with the cash, $6.00, a copy of the History of Columbia county will be given to getter up of club.

For 3 new names and $4.50 we will send the COLUMBIAN one year free to person sending names; or if names are sent in by one now taking the paper we will credit his account with one year's subscription.

For 2 new names, with $3.00, we will send paper for 6 months to the person securing the names for us.

For 1 new name with $1.50, we will send paper 3 months to person securing the same for us.

On receipt of 10 cents we will send the COLUMBIAN to any address in the county for one month on trial, and paper will not be sent longer unless so ordered.

Farm for Sale.

The farm now occupied by A. M. White in Orange township, containing one hundred acres with good buildings and improvements, is offered for sale, possession to be given April 1st, 1886. For terms and particulars apply to I. W. McKelvy or Geo. E. Elwell, Bloomsburg. Sept 25-tf

For Sale or Exchange.

Two good cows and a top buggy can be bought at a bargain for cash, or exchanged for a good, kind horse, at Dr. Shattuck's Rest Cure, near D. L. & W. depot, Bloomsburg.

Private Sale.

Of valuable real estate located in the village of Stillwater, Col. Co. Pa., consisting of a ¼ acre lot on which is a good two story dwelling built in modern style, also a new stable and out buildings.

Also another small lot on which is a good blacksmith shop. These properties are nicely situated and in a good place for business.

For further information address
ALBERT METZGAR,
Millville,
Oct. 2, 4w*. Col. Co., Pa.

FOR SALE.—A good horse at a reasonable figure, gentle and safe. Inquire at this office. tf

FOR SALE.—Two buggies, one spring wagon, one sleigh second hand, in good condition offered for sale for less than their value by
Oct. 2 tf. DR. J. R. EVANS.

Personal.

Col. Freeze returned from Ganoga lake last week.

Mrs. Ada Turner of Pottsville is visiting her mother and sisters of this place.

Dr. Monroe fractured his arm one day last week by falling from a step ladder.

Miss Eva Rupert has been confined to her bed by sickness for a week or more.

Mrs. G. B. Markle of Philadelphia spent a few days with Mrs. M. H. McKinney this week.

Conrad Bittenbender left for Nebraska, Tuesday morning. He expects to visit with his son at Princeton, Nebraska.

Blank books at Mercer's.

The celebrated Douglass $3.00 shoe at Dentler's only.

Paul E. Wirt has opened an office in New York city for the sale of his fountain pen.

The largest and most complete stock of boots and shoes in Columbia county at Dentler's.

Mrs. C. E. Rabb will have a fine selection of ready made millinery goods at the fair this week.

My line of ladies, misses and children's shoes is unsurpassed in this section. Call and see at Dentler's.

Bundy takes in the fairs and keeps a good refreshment stand. Hunt him up on the grounds this week.

Four applications for marriage license have been made at the Prothonotary's office under the new law.

McAlarney & Knight have reopened the Glen City coal mines, and are prepared to furnish the country trade with first-class coal at $2.00 per ton.

Mr. William Goodman of Montana writes us that he has raised a pumpkin measuring 6 feet in circumference one way and 5 feet 9½ inches the other, and weighs 91½ lbs.

T. S. Chapin has established a dental office at Benton, in the house formerly occupied by Boyd McHenry. Persons needing his services will find him an experienced dentist.

J. W. Perry, of the Sugarloaf hotel, says that deer signs are very numerous on the North Mountain. It is expected that deer will not only be plenty, but in good condition this Winter.

An agent wanted for the "Personal Memories of U. S. Grant," in Main, Locust, Franklin and Roaringcreek townships.
HENRY S. REAY,
2t. Rupert, Pa.

Bicycles are becoming so numerous in this town that some provision will soon have to be made requiring them to keep off the pavement. We have heard of several instances where there were narrow escapes from collisions with foot passengers.

Benton has an excellent mechanic in the person of Jesse Beyer. He makes guns, repairs all kinds of fire-arms, clocks, and most any kind of small machinery. He can repair almost any sort of a broken tool so that it is as good as new. Those having work in his line will do well to call on him.

Stationery of all kinds at Mercer's.

FOR SALE.—A young Jersey cow and calf.
P. DILLON.

Several communications are crowded out this week.

The firm of McKillip & Choate has been dissolved. The business will be continued by H. A. McKillip.

"Maud S" will positively be at the Washingtonville Fair, and the two celebrated bands are the contestants for the $700.00 prize. The Ringgold of Reading and the Silver Cornet, of Milton.
CHAS. E. SHIRES, Sec'y.

Prof. Galloway from Ohio, formerly professor of the medical college at Cincinnati, and who has lectured at various Sanitariums in this country will lecture on medical topics at Dr. Shattuck's Rest Cure, opposite depot, Bloomsburg, every Tuesday and Friday evening at half past seven. Admission, twenty-five cents. Tickets at Clarks Book Store.

For promptness and accuracy the firm of Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce street, N. Y., takes the lead as advertising agents Patrons can always rely on them. They are prompt and reliable in making contracts and their checks are freely given when contracts are filled. They do not quibble. Their extensive business is the result of fair dealing.

The Benton Band furnished music for the fair at that place last week. It consists of fifteen members, neatly uniformed, and under the leadership of G. W. Hirleman. Their playing was a matter of surprise to all who heard them. It was not expected that so small a place could boast of a first-class band. Their selections are good and some or them difficult, and their execution is excellent.

J. M. Long was Chief of Police on the Benton Fair grounds, and he was the right man in the right place. He was here, there and everywhere just when he was needed, and by his attention to the duties of his position kept everything in good order. There were but few drunken men on the grounds, and not a single loud wrangle was heard. The chief was ably assisted by an efficient corps of police.

A large pheasant flew through the plate glass in the front door of the postoffice on Monday morning. The glass was a quarter inch in thickness, and the bird came with such force that a large hole was made in the glass, and some pieces were found thirty feet from the door. The bird had its throat cut and fell on the floor dead. It had probably been chased by a hawk and was seeking refuge.

There was some commotion in Benton last week, Friday, when the puffing and whistling of a locomotive was heard in the town. Some thought the Fishingcreek railroad was completed, but it proved to be Bartley Albertson's steam thresher, which is a road engine as well as a propeller of the threshing machine. Mr. Albertson occasionally took a trip around the fair grounds with his train loaded with boys.

Mrs. L. D. Kase died at her home last Friday morning. Mrs. Kase has been sick for some time past, but had sufficiently recovered so that hopes were entertained that she would again be restored to health; hence her death was somewhat unexpected. The funeral took place Sunday afternoon and was attended by a large concourse of friends. Deceased was a lady much esteemed and leaves a husband and four children.

The sharpers who have infested neighboring fairs will not be allowed on the Bloom fair ground. They begged hard for admission, but in vain. Last year eleven of these were put out by a Pinkerton detective, and they will be served the same way now, if they put in an appearance. No association can thrive that is willing to turn its exhibiton into a den of thieves for the sake of the large sums paid for the privilege of swindling the innocent.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg for week ending Oct. 13, 1885:

Miss Sarah Broadt, Miss Rettie Crawford, John M. Culling, Joseph B. Dushane, Miss Anna Eveland, H. G. Hartman, Pat Marean, Miss M. C. Werkheiser, Otto Zimmerman.

CARDS.

B. F. Evans.

Persons calling for above please say "advertised."
GEORGE A. CLARK, P. M.

There is a gang of sharps taking in all the fairs this year, against whom the public should be cautioned. They have several different games of chance, socalled probably because the chances are that those who try them will lose their money. In order to whet the appetites of the unwary, a number of confederates take part in the game, and by some trick in the trade are permitted to win, and this induces others to go in. In the dial game the pointer can be stopped at the pleasure of the operator, either by a secret spring, or by tilting the table imperceptibly to the players who are anxiously watching the pointer. Those who do not want to lose money had better leave such people alone. It is hard to beat a gambler at his own game.

The Fair.

Nearly 4,000 entry tags were written on Wednesday for the Fair. This is more than ever in the history of the association. A new shed has been built for the poultry—it is moved to the right of the entrance gate, and is longer than the former stand. Forty-two new cattle stalls have also been added and twenty-five for sheep and hogs; and yet the indications are that there will not be enough accommodations. The prospects for a large attendance are better than ever, at the opening day. If the weather is favorable a great crowd of people will be gathered for Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Court Proceedings.

Petition of Benjamin Bomboy, adminis trator of the estate of Benjamin Bomboy dec'd, to amend order of confirmations and grant an alias order of sale filed.

Petition of Charles Kreigh and Wm. John, to authorize Recorder to enter satisfaction upon mortgage under Act of 20th June, 1883, filed.

Mila Gordner by her next friend Daniel Fisher vs. John B. Gordner. Petion for libel in divorce, filed.

Henry Thomas vs. Benjamin Gearhart, et al. Judgment in favor of plaintiff.

William Ebner vs. M. G. Smith. Verdict for plaintiff, $84.15.

S. W. McHenry, George Hurleman and Joseph W. Eves, appointed viewers of a road in Pine township, near Elias Watts.

Adjourned Court fixed for Nov. 10, 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m.

The following Sheriff's deeds were acknowledged in open Court:

M. W. Jackson, Thomas Brobst, Elizabeth Bredbenner, Wesley Hess, B. F. Gordner, John C. Yocum.

Report of viewers in favor of a road in Catawissa, near M. E. Church, confirmed nisi. Width of road fixed at twenty feet.

Petition for rule on heirs filed in the estate of George Hess dec'd.

Benton Fair.

The second annual fair of the Benton Agricultural Society was held last week, beginning Wednesday, and its success was such that its future existence is now fully established. The officers of the society are all intelligent gentlemen, and to their efficient management is due the credit of the successful exhibition. These officers are John R. Keeler, President, J. B. Laubach, Vice President, H. O. McHenry, Secretary, John J. Karns, Treasurer, Jacob Welliver, F. S. Smith, George Keeler, Frank Dildine, Edward Albertson, directors. Last year, it will be remembered, the Society met with a reverse because of the bad weather that prevailed during the entire week, and by reason of which the attendance was small, leaving the Society in debt. This year the first day was very pleasant, and was devoted to the entry of articles by exhibitors, no gate money being taken in. Thursday morning came with lowering skies, and the weather continued so threatening, rain falling part of the day, that but few people ventured out. On Friday, however, the sun shone after ten o'clock, and by noon there were over 3000 people on the ground. Saturday, also was pleasant, and the attendance was still larger than on Friday.

The exhibits were numerous, and all very creditable. It would be impossible to speak particularly of everything that deserves mention, and we can only describe the displays in a general way.

In the first building was a great variety of preserved fruits, jellies, butter, pies, cakes, and many other articles of domestic manufacture that fairly made one's mouth water to look upon, so inviting were they to the palate. Under the same shed were crazy quilts, patch work, paintings, decorated china, and a great variety of fancy work, all of which spoke well for the taste and skill of the ladies of that section. Further on were rag carpets, homespun cloth, and other things intended for use rather than ornament.

Filley & Williams of Pittston exhibited the Chase organs, and drew crowds by the excellent music made by Mr. Charles McHenry and a good orchestra.

SALTZER'S BOOTH.

But the great centre of attraction seemed to be the booth of J. Saltzer, the well-known Organ and Sewing machine dealer. He had on exhibition the celebrated Estey organs, and the Davis and White Sewing Machines. Mr. Young of Albany did some fine work on the Davis, and Miss Caffrey of Cleveland ran the White. Beautiful badges were made on the spot, and most everybody on the grounds was presented with a sample of their handiwork. The booth was decorated with beautiful samples of fine work done on these machines. Mr. Richard Metherell and Mr. Spotts furnished fine music on the violin and organ, and the booth was constantly surrounded by an attentive throng. Jerry kept everyone in good humor by his overflow of fun.

WAGONS.

Mr. John Eves of Millville exhibited a spring wagon and two farm wagons. He has been in the business for twenty years and has never had any fault found with his work by any of his customers. He enjoys a wide reputation for the excellence of his wagons, both as to finish and durability, and from a personal inspection of his exhibit we judge that he is fully entitled to such a reputation. The Millville wagons are known all through this section, and need no better recommendation than the satisfaction which they always give to those who use them.

William Appleman & Bro. made a large and creditable exhibit, which consisted of a spring-board wagon, spring wagon, farm wagons, two seated sleigh, and bob-sleds, all made at their large factory in Benton. This firm is comparatively young yet, but their work is all first-class, and they have built up a big trade and a high reputation. Their factory is a large three story building, all of which is occupied by their business. Good material is always used, and only experienced workmen employed, and prices are as low as can be made consistently with good work.

STOVES.

G. N. Smith of Orangeville had a fine display of stoves, ranges and tinware, and his assistant Byron Keller was kept busy explaining the merits of the different articles shown by him.

DeLong & Bro. of Orangeville, also made a good show of stoves and ranges.

MACHINERY, &c.

Owing to the distance from a railroad the display of machinery was small. B. Albertson entered his steam threshing machine and J. M. Long his Osborne reaper and binder, and there were some horse rakes, mowers, grain drills, straw cutters, &c. C. Mears had his patent washing machine on the grounds.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Ducks and geese entered by Philip Appleman were admired by all who saw them, and Bartley Albertson's 40 pound turkey received his due share of attention. Mrs. C. A. Gillaspys took the lead in big pumpkins, having one which weighed 180 pounds. She also exhibited a bushel of very large potatoes. Joseph Meyers had a bushel of "Pride of the Valley" potatoes, C. J. Ash a bushel each of "Snowflake" and "Early Vermont," and Abram Hartman a bushel the name of which we did not get, all of which deserve special mention.

W. L. Hurlinger of Sugarloaf had a large display, consisting of a geological collection, corn, cabbage, rye, timothy seed, buckwheat, &c.

There was a large assortment of vegetables, grain, honey and all kinds of garden and farm produce, the best of which will be found in the list of premiums when published.

STOCK.

Among the cattle were some fine specimens of Durham, Jersey, Holstein, Alderny and Guernsey, some of which are registered.

Durocks, Suffolk, Jersey Red, Chester White, Poland China and Yorkshire, were found in the pig department, and Southdowns and Cotswolds among the sheep.

The Clydesdale Stallion Sir Walter, owned by Ira Thomas, Bay Hamiltonian colt owned by Dr. T. C. McHenry, a Black stallion owned by Evan Buckalew were the leading stallions that were noticed. There were a number of well matched teams entered, among them being those of J. W. Perry and D. Karns.

THE RACE.

The following entries were made in the colt race on Thursday. Charles S. by F. S. Smith took first money $15.00; Barney by——Robbins, second, $10.00; and Black Charlie by Philip Hurleman, third, $5.00.

C. W. Yost took first money in the Farmers' Trot, M. T. McHenry second, Alexander Knouse third. Eli McHenry came in fourth.

In the district trot Alfred Hess' Brown Dan took first money $25, William Black's Turk second, $15, and Bartley Albertson's Bay John third, $10.

The open to all race on Saturday afternoon was the best trot of the fair. William Hughes took first money with Robert C., Sam Prentice took second with Annie Gingle, W. Hartzel with Richard B., third, S. K. Heller's Edward Knox came in fourth.

As the track was short no time was given in any of the races.

The success of this year has put the Benton Association on its feet, and there is no reason why it should not have a long and successful existence.

The firm of McKillip & Choate has been dissolved. The business will be continued by H. A. McKillip.

The McHenry House at Benton.

As one drives into the village of Benton his attention is attracted by the imposing appearance of a large new building on the Main street. Upon the front and end of this building is neatly painted in large letters, "McHenry House" and it is a new hotel recently completed by the McHenry Bros. It is a frame structure, four stories in height. At the front is a wide veranda extending up to the third story. On the first floor, on the left of the main hall which runs through the centre of the house, is the office, back of that the bar-room, or what will be a bar-room when the house is licensed. Back of this is a wash-room and coat room, and behind that a good-sized, light and cheerful dining room. On the right of the hall are two large rooms connected by folding doors, which are used as a public parlo and sitting room. They have Brussels carpets on the floors and are handsomely furnished. Back of this is the kitchen. On the second floor are twelve roomy bed-chambers, with a wide hall leading through the entire depth of the building. The third floor is all thrown into one room, and makes a very large dancing hall, with a good floor. The hotel is 42 feet front by 80 feet deep. The furniture throughout is new and neat. The house was begun last April and was first thrown open to the public on Sep. 24th when a large party was given. Boyd McHenry is the proprietor and with the assistance of his wife, the McHenry House will soon gain a reputation as an excellent hotel. Its resources were well tested during the Fair last week and were found equal to the occasion.

The firm of McKillip & Choate has been dissolved. The business will be continued by H. A. McKillip.

Races at the Fair.

The following is a list of the entries for the three days' races:

THURSDAY, 1 O'CLOCK.—COLT RACE.

Philip Creasy, Lightstreet, enters b. m. "Flora;" Wm. H. Hidlay, Lightstreet; b. m. "Bird;" E. P. Kisner, Fowlersville, b. g. "Frank;" C. L. Sands, Mordansville, s. m. "Bessie Sands;" Enos L. Adams, Berwick, br. g. "Prince."

2:50 CLASS.

A. W. Long, Bethlehem, Pa., bl. m. "Perilous;" Jno. W. Gibbs, Bloomsburg, br. m. "Maggie S;" Harry Faux, Hazleton, b. m. "Flora L;" George Cook, Wyoming, "Mock Medium;" T. Simpson, Hazleton, "Dan;" W. M. Hughes, Hazleton, "Richard, B."

FRIDAY, 1 O'CLOCK.—FARMERS' CLASS.

Andrew Creveling, Bloomsburg, bl. g. "Sailor;" C. P. Armstrong, Bloomsburg, b. g. "Frank;" H. W. Mellick, Canby, ch. m. "Flora;" Philip Creasy, Lightstreet, b. m. "Daisy;" Seymour Pohe, Espy, bl. m. "Mary."

2:30 CLASS.

C. R. Cummings, Harrisburg, Pa., b. m. "Bessie M;" Andrew Kaul, St. Mary, Pa., br. g. "Pilot Boy;" A. W. Long, Bethlehem, bl. m. "Perilous;" Geo. Cook, Wyoming, "Mock Medium;" W. M. Hughes, Hazleton, "Charley S;" J. J. Toole, Shenandoah, g. m. "Nellie T;" W. W. Murray, Bath, N. Y., s. g. "Ed Cook."

SATURDAY, 1 O'CLOCK.—3:00 CLASS.

Geo. K. Hess, Fowlersville, br. m. "Flora;" W. M. Hughes, "Richard B;" J. W. Gibbs, Bloomsburg, br. m. "Maggie S;" D. C. Black, Centralia, bl. g. "Clifton Boy;" Harry Faux, Hazleton, b. m. "Flora L;" B. H. Creveling, Lightstreet, s. g. "Charley."

OPEN TO ALL.

C. R. Cummings, Harrisburg, Pa., b. m. "Bessie M;" C. E. Titman, Shenandoah bl. g. "Wilber F;" Andrew Kaul, St. Mary, Pa., br. g. "Frank Hull;" A. W. Long, Bethlehem, bl. g. "Scotland;" W. M. Hughes, Hazleton, "Robert C;" J. J. Toole, Shenandoah, g. m. "Nellie T;" W. W. Murray, Bath, N. Y., br. m. "Kit Sanford."

The finest and best line of extracts, sachets, colognes and toilet waters in the county at Mercer's.

Robert, the Sharper.

"Bobby" is a tough from Toughville. He was one of the principal curiosities to be seen at the Benton fair last week, and by his seedy appearance, his full red face, his loud, shrill voice, and his numerous comicalities, he made himself the observed of all observers about the hotel where he was stopping. "Bobby" hails from Shamokin, and he lives by his wits. One day he is "strapped" and the next day he is well "heeled." He reached Benton on Tuesday of last week, without any money, and on Saturday he had $75 in his pocket, all taken from innocent "suckers" by the three card monte game, or some other equally sharp trick. One young man from Berwick dropped five dollars into Bobby's exchequer; another one from Fishingcreek contributed ten dollars in the same way and a third one whose residence we could not learn, parted with a like amount. It was the same old trick that has been played these many years, two cards with black spots and one with red, in the hands of a sharper who bets any amount from one dollar up that no one can pick up the red card. He manipulates them in such a way as to show the red card occasionally, and even marks the card as if by accident by turning the corner up a little. The "sucker" tumbles to this, and readily stakes his money thinking he has a sure thing, but when he picks up the card with the turned corner he finds that by some sleight of hand the corner of the red card has been turned down, and a black card so marked instead, and he loses his money. Robert handles the cards skillfully, and knows how to bluff his victims when they talk of arresting him. One man from whom he got ten dollars by one of his games, demanded his money back, and Bobby asked him whether he would not have kept the money if he had won it, to which the man replied "yes," whereupon Bob said "you would probably have gone to Sunday school next Sunday and told the scholars how smart you were in getting some money away from a gambler." When threats of arresting him were made he said, "All right you were gambling too; I'll have you arrested," by which he frightened his victim off, and kept the money.

Robert will probably attend the fair here this week, but if he does he will not be allowed to play his games with the same impunity that he did last week. While he will be able to find easy victims here, notwithstanding the frequent cautions that have been published, his bluff will not save him from arrest if our police get after him.

Roaringcreek.

S. H. Carl is putting up a barn.

Frank Yocum, Esq., and wife started recently on a pleasure trip to Illinois and Nebraska.

The show at Catawissa, Saturday, will be the chief center of attraction for some of the boys here.

The band gave some very fine open air music last Saturday evening in serenading several citizens. The boys are steadily improving.

The Elysburg correspondent of the *Item* was in our village Sunday last. Pleased to meet friend Else as he is a right social good fellow.

Mrs. Hurst of Milton has taken up room in Wm. Helwig's house, last Friday where she will make her home for the present.

The Lutheran-Reformed church law suit concerning the Numidia Union brick church will involve quite a number of the good people of this twp., and will doubtless create considerable merriment till settled.

Prof. A. S. Truckenmiller of Catawissa has organized a singing class of some thirty-five members which meet in the East Slabtown school house every Friday evening. They will doubtless learn under the instruction of so efficient a teacher as Mr. Truckenmiller.

Visitors in our midst since our last were, Miss Lizzie Dyer, Titus Herbine and Geo. W. Dyer of Warren; Mrs. Robbison of Danville; Else Dyer and Mr. McWilliams of Elysburg; Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Dyer of near Numidia, Mr. and Mrs. Seitsinger of Frackville; Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Rechel of Catawissa; Alfred and Miss Sallie Duttinger of Deibler's P. O., North'd. county.

Washingtonville Fair.

The Northern Montour County Fair to be held at Washingtonville, Pa., October 20, 21, 22 and 23, 1885. The event of the year, read the list of attractions and amusements.

Competition open to the world. Between $2,000 and $3,000 in premiums.

Trotting races (Open to the World). Race no. 1.—2:30 Class, Second Day, Wednesday. Purse, $100. Race no 2.—3:00 Class, Third Day, Thursday. Purse, $50. Race no. 3.—2:28 Class, Third Day, Thursday. Purse $100. Race no. 4.—2:48 Class, Fourth Day, Friday. Purse, $75. Race no. 5.—Open to all Class, Fourth Day Friday. Purse, $300. Entries on above race to close on Thursday, October 15.

The Society are putting forth their utmost efforts to secure the presence of Maud S., the celebrated Trotter, at the coming Fair.

Band Contests (Open to the World). Band Contest no. 1.—Class 2d, Second Day Wednesday. Purse, $300. Band Contest no. 2.—Class 3d, Third Day, Thursday. Purse, $100. Band Contest no. 3.—Class 1st, Fourth Day, Friday. Purse, $700. Entries in the above Band Contests to close Saturday, Oct. 10.

Ladies' Riding Match on Horseback, Third Day, Thursday. Purse, $25. Pigeon Shooting on Wing, Third Day, Thursday. Purse, $10.

For any information desired address the Secretary at Washingtonville, Pa., who will at once forward the same with Premium List, Rules and Regulations complete.

Single Admission, 25 cents. Horse or Horses and Carriage, 25 cents. Exhibitor's Check, with 6 Single Tickets, $1.00. Children under 12 years admitted Free of Charge.

The Managers have made all the arrangements complete for the coming Fair to surpass any of the former Exhibitions. All are invited to come.

There will be a number of First-Class Boarding Houses erected on the Grounds for the ample accommodation of all.

Should the weather be extremely stormy on Friday, then the Fair will be continued on Saturday. For particulars address Secretary. 2w.

Abram Peterman's Sentence.

Abram Peterman received his sentence last Saturday, when the court said:

The jury found you guilty of inflicting grievous bodily harm upon the person of your brother John.

There was contradiction between you and John as to who began this affray: you testified that he struck you first with the fork, and he testified that you struck him first—perhaps that is not so very material.

After you had had an altercation, and had clinched, and had been down upon the ground, and he had jumped away from you and started to run (getting away two or three rods), you followed him and struck him three almost mortal blows with a pitchfork, cutting open his scalp; and, when he was prostrate upon the ground and was attempting to rise up, had gotten partly up, you struck him again (a blow which brought him to the ground) with the heavy end of the pitchfork, and struck so hard as to break the handle of the fork; and, when he attempted to rise again, you inflicted still another wound upon him. This was in last July: he bears the marks upon him now, and probably will all the days of his life. He and others testify that his mind and hearing are affected by the serious blows which you inflicted upon him. Hours afterwards, if the witnesses are believed, you declared that you intended to kill him. You have stated, according to the evidence, that, if he had lain still, that is, if he had been sufficiently injured by the first blow, if he had not undertaken to get up, you would not have struck him again.

Under all these circumstances, the Court look upon the offense (your act) as one of the most outrageous kind, showing at least ungovernable temper, and that followed up by the declaration hours afterwards that you really intended to kill him, and, according to one or two of the witnesses, the expression of sorrow that you had not killed him.

The law has provided that where a person shall be convicted of inflicting grievous bodily harm upon another (either with or without a weapon), the sentence may be a fine of one thousand dollars and three years' imprisonment—either simple imprisonment or imprisonment at labor. Below these (that sum and that time), the matter is committed to the discretion of the Court.

The case, as it is presented in all its features before the Court, is in its atrociousness equal to any that has been here (I think) since I have been upon the bench. If your blows had not happened to hit upon the thicker part of your brother's skull, you most undoubtedly would have killed him.

The case is such that if the grand jury had not ignored the third count (intent to kill), and the jury here had found you guilty upon that, the court would have been compelled to let the verdict stand.

The sentence of the Court is that you pay a fine of one hundred dollars and the costs of prosecution, and that you undergo imprisonment by separate and solitary confinement at labor in the Eastern penitentiary for the term of one year, and that you stand committed until this sentence is complied with; and that the Sheriff be allowed one assistant, and conduct you to prison within ten days.

Birthday cards at Mercer's drug store, opposite Episcopa church.

The Secretary of the Berwick Agricultural Association has informed the Secretary of the Bloomsburg Agricultural Association that the officers of the Berwick Association were not responsible for the article which appeared in the Berwick *Gazette* last week; that they censured the editor for inserting the article, and do not wish in to be held accountable for it. There has been no rivalry between the associations and it is not necessary that there should be.

Pure drugs and patent medicines of all kinds at Mercer's.

Millin.

The wind on Tuesday morning did some damage.

A. W. Snyder is appointed post master.

J. E. Snyder returned from Philadelphia last week.

O. Swank sold land to John Mourey, Sr.

Sam. Hetler is in Philadelphia.

Amos Lutz died on the 4th inst.

The township Sunday School Convention will be held in the Lutheran church on Tuesday the 20 inst.

Boyd Hosler died in Berwick on Sunday morning. He was a native of this place and lived in the township most of his days.

A full line of men's, boys' and youths' boots and shoes at rock bottom prices at Dentler's.

Catawissa.

Mr. J. B. Knittle has taken charge of the postoffice. He has taken up his new quarters in C. F. Harder's building on Third street, near Main.

The wind storm on Monday night caused considerable damage by tearing down trees and blowing over fences.

There are quite a number of people at tending Fair this week.

The train hands state that there was quite a snow storm up on the mountain a few days ago.

Farmers are busy gathering chestnuts and hickory nuts, which appear to be plenty, and the people of town are taking excursions occasionally to assist them, but not always lawfully.

There will be a special train from this place on Thursday and Friday of this week on the P. & R. railroad, leaving here in the morning and at noon, and returning in the evening to accommodate people who propose attending the Fair at Bloomsburg. Round trip, 20 cents.

When you come in to the Fair stop and see the new patterns of wall paper at Mercer's.

Concert.

A grand vocal and instrumental concert for the benefit of St. Columba's Church, will be given at the Opera House Wednesday evening, Oct. 28th, by St. Joseph's choir, Danville, of 30 voices and with full orchestra, under the able direction of the well known Prof. Strickland. Vocal and instrumental music of the very highest order will be rendered. A special train has been chartered from Danville. General admission, 35cts., reserved seats, 50cts. Children, 25 cents. The concert will begin promptly at 8 o'clock. The following is the programme:

PART FIRST.

Overture to the Enchantment.	Orchestra.
"Domine, ad adjuvandum Me."	Solo, duet and cho. Millard.
"Dixit Dominus," Plain chant and cho.	Millard.
"Juravit Dominus," Solo basso.	Millard.
"Judicabit in Nationibus," Solo sop.	"
"De Torente in via bibet,"	" "
"Gloria Patri," grand cho.	"
"Laudate Dominum," solo tenor,	"
"Gloria Patri," solo, basso and cho.,	"
"Magnificat," chorus,	Est.
"Laudate Dominum," chorus,	"
"Ave Maria," solo sop., with obligato for violin,	Milliard.

PART SECOND.

"Selections from Il Trovator,"	Verdi.
"Inflammatus," obligato solo and cho.	Rosini.
"Sweet Essie Aileen," song and cho.	
"Concert Selections," Zither solo,	A. Fry.
"Yes, Let Me Like a Soldier Fall," solo, Tenore,	Maritani.
"Overture to the Gladiator,"	Schafer.
"Hark—Appollo Strikes the Lyre" Glee,	Bishop.

Wanamaker's.

PHILADELPHIA, October, 12 1885.

Paris extravagances in dress-stuffs again—some of them more extravagant, perhaps, than any before. Mosaics of color, strings of wool cocoons piled up on cloth till the cloth is out of your mind, mohair streaming over extraordinary serges, the wildest scroll-work that ever came out of loom of Damascus, silk plush and macramé network—too many to think of—too unexpectable to let you understand without seeing.

It will not do to send samples of such. A little sample doesn't show them. They are costly. They are gone so quickly. Part of the value of them is the fact that few are made, and very few reach this part of the world.

What would this sober city do without one store where the pretty frivolities of Paris gather.
South-east from the center of the store.

Wool laces make the roughness of fine dress-stuffs rougher and richer. They are creeping down from the higher range of dressmaking—not extravagant, all of them. Economical people even are finding a way to use them. Shall we tell? Not every bright silk beneath the meshes is new!
South-west from the center.

Two or three thousand yards a day of Lupin's dark-color 50-cent cashmeres are going at 37½ cents a yard. We had forty or fifty thousand yards to begin with. When they are gone they are gone. No more so long as the present tariff stands.
By the Thirteenth-street door.

Warm winter skirts ready-made for 75 cents to $1.50; well made, with the proper hang, pretty enough and durable. Never were better provided. Skirts that can't be made for the money, one would think,

Wanamaker's.

It has happened twice now. Last year and this year.

Above $1.50—we are not speaking of them—our skirts are good merchandise, prices fair. Those from $10 to $20 not here yet.
1215 Chestnut, tenth counter—where Umbrellas were.

These enormous blankets at about 75 cents a pound in a sense are the most luxurious blankets you ever saw—so thick and springy and light. Spread out on the counter they seem too large; but tuck the edges under the sides of your bed—you may open your window in January!

They are made by the very same mill right here in town that makes those "California" blankets one of our neighbors is so delighted with—He doubtless thinks his blankets are made, as he says, in California—no matter—the prices are California. They were sold by the mill to a Boston jobber, then back again to Philadelphia—they have traveled almost far enough to be California blankets.

On the whole we'd rather deal direct with the mill.

See a pair of these 7lb, 8lb, 10lb, 12lb, 14lb blankets. See them spread out and folded. What a pile—3500 of them!
North-west corner of the main building.

Figured flannels that look so little like flannel you wonder what they can be. Two sorts; dull woven figures; gay printed figures.

The woven-figured flannels are thick and stuffy, none of them bright, but loose and soft and warm; all sorts of figures, 46 inch, $1.50—for wrappers, both men's and women's jackets, ulsters even, and children's dresses.

The printed figures, like the gay sateens of three or four years ago, are gorgeous with color—mechanical figures, flowers as bright and many-colored as flowers can be, color piled on color, brightness on brightness. Among them one is plain in the main, but heavily bordered with Begonia leaves and Passion-flowers in a setting of vines. What wrappers! The cloths are lighter. Much of the cost is in the printing. 40-inch, $1.50.
North-east from center.

JOHN WANAMAKER.
Chestnut, Thirteenth and Market streets, and City-hall square.

A CURE AT LAST.—Ely's Cream Balm goes more directly than any other catarrh remedy to the seat of the disease, and has resulted in more cures here than all others. —*Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Leader.*

My son, aged nine years, was afflicted with catarrh, the use of Ely's Cream Balm effected a complete cure.—W. E. Hamman, druggist, Easton, Pa. oct-16-4t-d.

MARRIAGES.

MORDAN—STROUP.—At the residence of Jacob Stroup, Canby, on Sept. 29th, 1885 by C. L. Sands Esq., Mr. Geo. E. Mordon, of Mordanville, to Miss Ida Stroup, of Canby.

SHULTZ—MULNIX.—At the residence of Andrew Laubach, Guava, October 9th, 1885, by Andrew Laubach, Esq., Mr. Isaac A. Shultz, of Jackson township, Col. Co., and Miss Mary Mulnix, of Dushore, Sullivan county, Pa.

LOCAL NOTICES.

New brocade velvets at H. W. Sloan's.

Children's plush caps made to order at Mrs. C. E. Rabb's, opposite Corell's furniture store.

Ladies fleeced cotton hose at H. W. Sloan's.

Orders taken for all kind of fancy goods at C. E. Rabb's millinery store, Main, opposite Corell's furniture store.

Ladies' and children's wraps and Newmarkets at H. W. Sloan's.

J. S. Reitz has sweet potatoes, cabbage, bananas and all kinds of green groceries.

Blankets, blankets, from $1.25 to $9.50 per pair at H. W. Sloan's.

Now is the time to have your furs cleaned, lined, and made equal to new at Mrs. C. E. Rabb's, opposite Corell's furniture store.

A fine line of fancy toilet sets can be found at Brown's grocery, Main street, below Market.

WANTED.—Eggs, Shellbarks, Chestnuts and Walnuts, at J. F. Caldwell's, Baker and Confectioner. tf

Children's Jersey caps, from 20 cents upwards, also all kinds of felt hats for women, misses and children, at Mrs. C. E. Rabb's, opposite Corell's furniture store.

New plain velvets, all colors, $1.00 at H. W. Sloan's.

New stock of watches and jewelry just received at L. Bernard's, Main street, above Centre. Goods sold cheaper than ever.

Boots and shoes for men and boys at J. A. Hess'. Call and see stock and prices before buying elsewhere.

At Brown's grocery, Main street, below Market, can be found fresh groceries, consisting of coffees, teas, canned goods, &c.

Gum boots at J. A. Hess', Evans' block, above Iron street.

All kinds of crape goods a specialty at Mrs. C. E. Rabb's millinery store, opposite Corell's furniture store.

Use O. K. Coffee the best in the market. Seldom equaled. Never excelled. For sale everywhere. Oct 2-tf

Rubbers for ladies, misses and children at J. A. Hess', Evans' block.

All kinds of fancy goods and embroidery materials, kept constantly on hand at Mrs. C. E. Rabb's.

At J. S. Reitz's meat market you can get oysters, chickens, beef, boneless ham, breakfast bacon &c. Butter taken in exchange or for cash.

Mrs. C. E. Rabb has just returned from the city with a full line of new millinery goods, also all kinds of knit goods, wool stockings for ladies, misses and children. A special bargain in wool stockings. Cheaper and better than can be had elsewhere.

At J. A. Hess', in Evans'

The Trooper's Horse.

A LITTLE STORY OF THE WAR—PASSING THE PICKET GUARD.

"Off with the saddle and shoot him!"

It was a cavalry scout of a score of men returning to camp after a rough ride of a hundred miles. Ten miles away a trooper's horse had fallen lame. Voice and spur had urged him on, but at last he could go no further. He must be abandoned. Aye, to prevent profit to the enemy he must be shot.

"Poor Jim!" whispered the rider as he dismounted.

That horse had carried him a thousand miles. They had gone hungry together, they had shared the dangers of half a dozen battles, they had stood picket in company, they were "pards."

"Jim, old boy. I'd rather lose my arm!" exclaimed the trooper, as he loosened the saddle.

The suffering horse relieved of his burdens, turned his head to his master and uttered his gratitude in a low whinny.

"I've got to do it, old boy!" continued the trooper, as he drew his revolver and held it in his right hand, while he patted the neck of his old "pard" with the left. "If they had asked me to take a bullet in the leg—if a good, square sabre cut from a Johnny would save your life, I'd bend my bare head and take it."

The last of the troop had passed on. Night was shutting down, and guerrillas lurked in every bend of the road.

"Jim, old pard, it's orders, you know," said the trooper, as he stripped off the bridle. "Look down the road, now, while I send a bullet into your head. It's assassination — it's foul murder—but it's orders. Goood bye, Jim, and may the Lord forgive me!"

The horse fell like a log at the report of the pistol, and without daring to look back at his victim the trooper snatched up the accoutrements and hurried on after his companions. He was hardly out of sight when the horse struggled up. What had happened? He shook his head, wheeled about in a circle, and blew a note of alarm from his bleeding nostrils.

He was abandoned! He was in the enemy's country! Who had done this by a faithful servant? By and by memory divinely returned. He had fallen lame—his rider had dismounted—he remembered of hearing kind words and feeling a hand caress his neck. What then? He had been shot down! Some hidden guerrilla must have fired the shot. His rider—his old "pard"—would not have sought his death.

With eyes aflame with fear and pain—with a limb almost useless—with such torture racking his head that he could not repress his groans — the faithful horse searched the roadside for his master; if dead, he would die with him! The search was vain.

As he had been abandoned! He had been over this road several times. He remembered every bridge and hill and turn. It was miles to the Union lines, but he would drag himself to the pickets before death came. With slow and painful steps—with the darkness rendering his road more gloomy—with a foreboding that the hand which had fed him so long had given him his death wound at last, the poor beast dragged himself along, and the night wore on.

"Halt! Who comes there?"

It was the challenge of a picket. His quick ear had detected the sound of feet on the highway.

Here at last! This was the goal the beast had driven for. He stood stock still as the challenge reached his ear but only for a moment. Then, summoning his last remaining life, he rushed down the hill and fell at the picket.

"Halt! Halt! Turn out the guard!"

It was too late to stop the riderless, limping horse outside the lines, but as he passed within them half a dozen carbines flashed forth in the darkness, and he fell forward and died without a groan. The men of the picket gathered around. They understood that it was an abandoned horse, which had dragged himself into the lines.

"Too bad, isn't it?" whispered the grim old sergeant. And every man felt that he was almost guilty of murder.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Riot in St. Louis.

The strike of the street car men led to a riot about 6 o'clock last Thursday evening. Many heads were broken and one man was fatally injured. The row was begun by a crowd of strikers, who had gathered in the neighborhood of Seventh and Pine streets. A car on the Union Depot line, filled with passengers, got stuck on an up grade with ten cars behind it. A great crowd of the idle men at once gathered about the car, and urged the driver, Pat Sullivan, to abandon his post. He paid no attention to them, but made desperate efforts to move his mules along. The strikers began shouting: "Throw him off." The suggestion was acted upon. Two men jumped on the platform and threw Sullivan off before the wheels, and he was run over. At the same time other strikers seized the mules, while others cut the traces, and the animals were sent off on a gallop. By this time the passengers had got out of the car, and the strikers gave it a running start and sent it flying down the grade.

They had chosen their time when there were only two policemen about, and they had things all their own way. In ten minutes fifteen cars had been seized, the mules detached and driven off, and the cars set whirling down the hill, each to telescope with the one sent before, until the whole fifteen were piled up in a heap of ruins. The alarm for the police had been sounded and was responded to by a squad of blue coats, under command of Sergeant Ryan. Superintendent James Scullin of the car line rode up, singled out the ringleader, and in a jiffy seized him. One of the strikers struck Mr. Scullin in the face and Sergeant Ryan grabbed the fellow. Then the fight began general. The mob set upon the Sergeant with the intention of releasing the prisioner, but he held fast; and shouted to his men to clear the streets. The police then went for the crowd and clubbed them right and left. The strikers were full of pluck, and fought gallantly to rescue their companions who were in the clutches of the police. This lasted fully twenty minutes. The police depended solely on their muscle and their clubs. The result at the end of the fight was that seventeen strikers were landed behind the bars, five were taken to the hospital with cracked skulls, while probably fifty were sent home with sore heads. The streets were finally cleared, and the police were left in possession of the scene. The superintendent of the road was beaten very badly, but it is thought that his injuries are not fatal.

The great house built by Storey, of the Chicago *Times*, has been bought for a convent. This is not what Mr. Storey intended it for, but perhaps it is just as well.

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

VINEGAR BITTERS

PURELY VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL

DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS

EUREKA

No other medicine known so effectually purges the blood of deep-seated diseases.

Millions bear testimony to its wonderful curative effects.

It is a purely Vegetable Preparation, made from the native herbs and roots of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol.

It removes the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health.

It is the great Blood Purifier and Life-giving Principle; a Gentle Purgative and Tonic; a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the power of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to.

The Alterative, Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Anti-Bilious, Solvent, Diuretic and Tonic properties of VINEGAR BITTERS exceed those of any other medicine in the world.

No person can take the BITTERS according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Bilious, Remittent, Intermittent and Malarial Fevers are prevalent throughout the United States, particularly in the valleys of our great rivers and their vast tributaries during the Summer and Autumn, especially during seasons of unusual heat and dryness.

These Fevers are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these organs, is absolutely necessary.

There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as it will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus forearmed.

It Invigorates the Stomach and stimulates the torpid Liver and Bowels, cleansing the blood of all impurities, imparting life and vigor to the frame, and carrying off, without the aid of Calomel, or other minerals, all poisonous matter from the system. It is easy of administration, prompt in action, and certain in its results.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Pneumonia, Dizziness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are at once relieved by VINEGAR BITTERS.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, the Bitters have no equal. In these, as in all constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS has shown its great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Typesetters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to Paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take occasional doses of VINEGAR BITTERS.

Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Swellings, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations, Humors and diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of the Bitters.

Pin, Tape and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like VINEGAR BITTERS.

Measles, Scarlet Fever, Mumps, Whooping Cough, and all children's diseases may be made less severe by keeping the bowels open with mild doses of the Bitters. This wonderful remedy is especially adapted to the systems of children, for purifying herbs alone give it its remarkable curative powers. It contains no alcohol, opium or other poison.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, this Bitters has no equal.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood when its impurities burst through the skin in Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when, and the health of the system will follow.

In conclusion: Give the Bitters a trial. It will speak for itself. One bottle is a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Around each bottle are full directions printed in different languages.

R. H. McDonald Drug Co., Proprietors, San Francisco, Cal., and 528, 530 & 532 Washington St., Cor. Charlton St., New York.

Sold by all Dealers and Druggists.

COURSEN, CLEMONS & CO.
Limited,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Crockery, Glassware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Window Glass, and Plated-ware.
The 56 candle-power marsh electric lamp.
The celebrated Pluafore Burner.
Bird Cages, Fruit Jars.
422 Lackawanna Avenue. SCRANTON, Pa.
may 1-1y

WANTED 1000 BUTCHERS AND CIGAR MANUFACTURERS!
Butchers to buy the
Star Meat Cutter,
Cigar Manufacturers to buy the
DAISY SCRAP MACHINE.
These Machines are warranted to be the best in the market. Send for Circulars to
S. E. WANNER, Blue Ball, Penn'a.
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PRICE LIST OF
ROOFING SLATE
On Cars at Quarry.

No. 1 Slate	$3.00 to $4.00
No. 1 Rib Slate	3.00 to 3.25
Seconds	2.00
No. 2 Rib Slate	2.50
Red Slate	10.50
Green Slate	4.50

J. L. HULL,
25 Lackawanna Avenue, Scranton, Pa
May 22-1y

TEA AND COFFEE A handsome VASE LAMP given with a $5 order for Tea and Coffee. An Iron Stone CHAMBER SET, 10 pieces, or a TEA SET, 44 pieces, or a handsome BRONZE HANGING LAMP given with a $10 order. A CHAMBER SET of 10 pieces, with blue, maroon or pink band or an IRON STONE CHINA TEA SET of 56 pieces, or a GLASS SET of 50 pieces given with a $12 order, HANDSOME PREMIUMS, consisting of Decorated China Ware in Tea Sets, also Dinner and Tea Sets combined, and Chamber sets, etc., etc., given with orders for $18, $20, $25, $28 and $50. Send for circular, which will give you full particulars. GRAND UNION TEA COMPANY, 25 South Main St., Wilkes Barre, Pa. headquarters 80 Front street, New York City.
may 15-1y **CLUB ORDERS**

PATENTS,
obtained and all patent business attended to for moderate fees.
Our office is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain Patents in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model or drawing. We advise as to patentability free of charge, and we make no charge unless patent is secured.
We refer here, to the Postmaster, the Supt. of Money Order Div., and to officials of the U. S. Patent Office. For circular, advice, terms and references to actual clients in your own State or County, write to
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Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.
an 9-1y

BLOOMSBURG PLANING MILL
—:o:—
The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad Street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.
FRAMES, SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS, MOULDINGS,
FLOORING, Etc.
furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed.
ESTIMATES FOR BUILDINGS
furnished on application. Plans and specifications prepared by an experienced draughtsman
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$50 REWARD.
—FOR—
Every Ounce of Adulteration
—IN THE—
NEW PROCESS SOAP.
THE WONDERFUL 3-LB BAR.
MADE ONLY BY
Gowans & Stover,
Buffalo, N. Y.
For sale by all first-class grocers.
April 10-1-yr

TO GRATIFY HIS WIFE.

A GOOD REASON FOR HAPPINESS.

"For many years I had suffered from a complaint which the physicians call gravel. I had employed some of the most noted doctors without obtaining any permanent relief, and for a long time my case was regarded as hopeless. All who knew my circumstances said I must die. Finally my wife induced me to try a bottle of Dr. Kennedy's 'Favorite Remedy,' which she had somewhere heard of or seen advertised. Without the slightest faith in it, but solely to gratify her, I bought a bottle of a druggist in our village. I used that and two or three bottles more, and -to make a long story short—I am now as healthy a man as there is in the country.

"Since then I have recommended 'Favorite Remedy' to others whom I knew to have suffered from kidney and liver complaints; and I assure the public that the 'Favorite Remedy' has done its work with a similar completeness in every single instance, and I trust some other sick and discouraged mortal may hear of it and try the 'Favorite Remedy,' as I did."—Washington Monroe, Catskill, N. Y.

DON'T LET A FOOLISH PREJUDICE against popular medicines stand between you and the health of your wife, child or baby. It is always right to advertise a blessing. Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" is a blessing. It has saved thousands, and it will help you. If you are sick from troubles of the kidneys, bowels, liver and blood, spend one dollar for this king of medicines.

KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY,
THE GREAT
Blood Purifier of the World.
AN ABSOLUTE CURE FOR
CATARRH.

THE most stubborn cases yield readily to it and has not failed to Cure a single case where directions are followed. Its success has been remarkable and its cures wonderful. It is the most successful preparation in the market for CATARRH and the only one that promises an Absolute, Positive Cure. It is truly a blessing to mankind. **A Trial is all that is asked for It.** Once used, it is always recommended. Send for testimonials of actual cures.

IT HAS NO EQUAL FOR
MALARIA.
A POSITIVE CURE IS ASSURED.

One bottle is generally sufficient for a cure. Stop taking Quinine. A trial only is asked for KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY. It is a **SPECIFIC** for all diseases arising from an impure blood and drives all eruptions from the skin. For Syphilitic complaints it is superior to any preparation in the market. One bottle will cure most of the following complaints and a continued use will POSITIVELY cure. Save doctor bills and try it.

RHEUMATISM.
SCROFULA.
SKIN ERUPTIONS.
VENEREAL DISEASES.
DYSPEPSIA.
LOSS OF APPETITE.
FEELING OF LANGOUR.
BILIOUSNESS.
LIVER TROUBLES.
NERVOUS WEAKNESS.
FEMALE WEAKNESS.

KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY is no patent medicine, but a safe and pleasant preparation to take and surely the greatest medical discovery of the age. One bottle rejuvenates the entire system and possesses more virtue than a half dozen bottles of ordinary patent preparations. Write for testimonials and other information.

For sale by druggists generally.

PRICE $1.00 A BOTTLE. SIX BOTTLES FOR $5.00. On receipt of $5.00 by the manufacturers, SAMUEL F. KELLER & Co., Harrisburg, Pa., six bottles will be sent express paid.

IT LEADS ALL.

No other blood-purifying medicine is made, or has ever been prepared, which so completely meets the wants of physicians and the general public as

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

It leads the list as a truly scientific preparation for all blood diseases. If there is a lurking taint of Scrofula about you,
SCROFULA AYER'S SARSAPARILLA will dislodge it and expel it from your system.
For constitutional or scrofulous Catarrh,
CATARRH AYER'S SARSAPARILLA is the true remedy. It has cured numberless cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.
ULCEROUS SORES "Hutto, Tex., Sept. 28, 1882. "At the age of two years one of my children was terribly afflicted with ulcerous running sores on its face and neck. At the same time its eyes were swollen, much inflamed, and very sore.
SORE EYES Physicians told us that a powerful alterative medicine must be employed. They united in recommending AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. A few doses produced a perceptible improvement, which, by an adherence to your directions, was continued to a complete and permanent cure. No evidence has since appeared of the existence of any scrofulous taint, and no treatment of any disorder was ever attended by more prompt or effectual results.
Yours truly, H. F. JOHNSON."

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

SUPERIOR SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

MICROSCOPES, FIELD-GLASSES, BAROMETERS.
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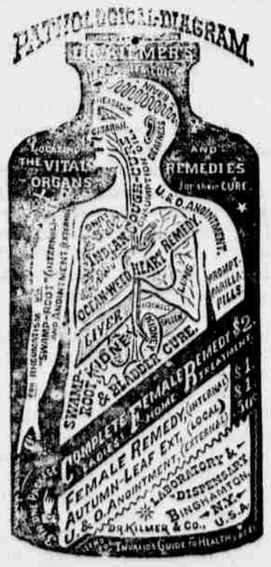

MOTHERS, why will you continue to suffer, and struggle to bear up under your afflictions, when a few packages of Dr. Kilmer's COMPLETE FEMALE REMEDY is warranted to cure you. Ask your druggist for it. $1.

IF YOU have Urethra, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration, or catarrh of the Bladder—Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT will speedily heal you. Ask your drug gist for it. 50c., $1.

IF YOU can't lie on side, or have to be bolstered up in bed, or have been over-heated by sunstroke or other cause—Dr. Kilmer's OCEAN WEED is your only remedy. Druggists sell it. $1.

IF YOUR children have Croup, or Whooping Cough—Dr. Kilmer's INDIAN CONSUMPTION CURE will give quick relief. Ask your druggist for it. 25c., 50c., $1.

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Receive Advertisements for this Paper.
ESTIMATES for NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING at Lowest Cash Rates FREE
Send 10c. in stamps for **AYER & SON'S MANUAL**

The Sewing Machine.

SOME INTERESTING FACTS AS TO ITS INVENTION AND INVENTORS.

Pittsburg Letter in Sewing Machine Times.

As historical facts are growing more interesting each year concerning the prime movers of the great sewing machine industry, I wish to give you what I know about the king of the sewing machine business, I. M. Singer. It is said that Elias Howe never made a machine that would sew perfectly, but that Mr. Singer did. All authorities give Howe credit for the invention, and the country blacksmith did well toward that end, no doubt; but he got his idea from a defective machine made by Walter Hunt, of New York, in 1832. Hunt invented the paper collar also. He demonstrated the fact that a machine could take a stitch, but he could go no farther, and Howe patented the model and got an offer from a London firm of corset makers, who gave him two years in which to perfect his machine and adapt it to their business. They fitted up a machine shop and paid him for his time, but it was a failure, and he returned to America disconsolate. The problem was solved thus:

About forty years ago a man named Regan owned a wood carving establishment on Fifth Avenue, this city (Pittsburg). Among his workmen was I. M. Singer, who was an expert in making wooden letters for signs. Many of these old letters are still to be found in the rubbish of Pittsburg garrets. Mr. Singer in those days was "hard up" in the fullest sense of that term, and was somewhat of a Bohemian in habits and taste. He left this city and tramped to New York, where he obtained work in a similar establishment, his new employer being engaged perfecting a machine for sawing out letters—a sort of scroll saw; at any rate Mr. Singer helped him to complete it. The inventor went to Mr. Clark, a noted lawyer on patents, in order to get his scroll saw patented. He took Mr. Singer along to better explain to the lawyer the working specifications and plans of the scroll saw invention.

Whilst there Mr. Clark spoke incidentally of the failure of Elias Howe to perfect his sewing machine in London. Singer listened attentively, and, it is said, asked many questions concerning the difficulty.

"By George," exclaimed Singer, "I can make that thing work."

"There is a fortune for you if you do," said Mr. Clark.

"I can do it. I have the idea now," enthusiastically continued Singer.

Then it is recorded how he looked down at his shoes, with the soles loose and his clothes in tatters and rags. He wilted (so to speak) and exclaimed: "I am talking wild; I haven't money enough to buy a screw."

"I will tell you what I will do," said Clark. "I will fit you up a shop in the loft of my stable, furnish you with everything you need to work with and live upon, and give you two months to make it go. If you are successful I will get all necessary patents, and take half of my investment."

"It's a go," said Singer.

Inside of a month he had his machine working, using the eye-pointed needle and shuttle invented by Hunt, but with an addition it made a continuous stitch. There was one defect, however. His machine failed to draw up the stitches and left each one with a loop on both sides of the fabric. Upon this he worked night and day until the last day of his time came. He worked at it until noon and then started for his dinner. A thought struck him, and back through the streets he started on a run for his shop. He siezed a little piece of wire, gave it several bends and inserted it in the machine. This was the little "spiral" called a "take up," which to-day is found in one form or another in every machine. It was a success!

By the time Elias Howe got back from England he found three machines in America that would sew; all were based on his patent—the Singer, the Wheeler & Wilson and the Grover & Baker. He found that Singer had sold 4000 machines. He brought suit and succeeded in getting judgment for $80,000 royalty on those sold, and further established a royalty of $20 on each machine sold by any of the three firms.

After this Howe got a man named Taylor to work on a machine, and he finally succeeded in inventing an entirely new one, which took Howe's name. About this time rumors reached the other firms that models made by Hunt and antedating Howe's were in existence, and they secured one from Baltimore. They held a consultation and sent for Howe, and showed him the model, and their proofs that Hunt invented it long before his patent was applied for. Howe was broken up badly and made a clean breast of it. Howe left the office and happened to meet his lawyer on the street. To him he confided the whole matter. "I will fix that," said the lawyer, and they started back.

"Now, gentlemen," he said, addressing the sewing machine proprietors, "you are simply killing the goose that lays the golden egg. You let this thing get known and refuse to pay Mr. Howe his royalty and you will have to sell your machine at $25 instead of $125. Inside of a year there will be a hundred sewing machines in the market, all of them using the patent you now hold." They saw the point. A compromise was effected, by which Elias Howe continued to get a royalty of $2 on each machine instead of $20. Two dollars also went into a general fund to fight other companies into submission to their control. This was the famous "combination" which made millions upon millions of dollars, and furnished much cause for denunciation on the part of many well-meaning people. The Howe machine then was really the Taylor machine, and Singer, who was a Pittsburger, made the first machine that would sew. He died worth $15,000,000, to say nothing of the millions he squandered.

How to Walk for Exercise.

If walking alone is adopted as the means to counteract the effect of too much sitting, then care should be taken that system enters into the walk. A slow, desultory sort of walk is of no earthly use; it simply tires one without any beneficial result. The walking should be brisk, with the head up and the chest thrown forward. The breathing should be regular and as free as the swing of the limbs. The distance is optional, of course, but two miles ought to be no task for the man who wants to improve his health. The distance can be increased as the pedestrian begins to feel the benefit of the walking.—*N. Y. Star.*

JOB WORK NEATLY
EXECUTED AT
THIS OFFICE.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR
THE GREAT **Unfailing Specific** FOR **LIVER DISEASE.**

SYMPTOMS: Bitter or bad taste in mouth; tongue coated white or covered with a brown fur; pain in the back, sides, or joints—often mistaken for rheumatism; SOUR STOMACH; LOSS OF APPETITE; sometimes nausea and waterbrash, or indigestion; flatulency and acid eructations, bowels alternately costive and lax; HEADACHE; loss of memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; DEBILITY; low spirits; a thick, YELLOW appearance of the skin and eyes; a dry cough; fever, restlessness; the urine is scanty and high colored, and, if allowed to stand, deposits a sediment.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR
(PURELY VEGETABLE)
Is generally used in the South to arouse the torpid liver to a healthy action.
IT ACTS WITH EXTRAORDINARY EFFICACY ON THE
LIVER,
KIDNEYS
AND BOWELS,
AS EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR

MALARIA,	DYSPEPSIA,
CONSTIPATION,	BILIOUSNESS,
SICK HEADACHE,	JAUNDICE,
NAUSEA,	COLIC,
MENTAL DEPRESSION,	BOWEL COMPLAINTS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.	

Endorsed by the use of 7 millions of bottles as
The Best Family Medicine
For children, for adults, and for the aged.
SAFE TO TAKE IN ANY CONDITION OF THE SYSTEM!
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS, PHILADELPHIA, PA.
PRICE, $1.00.
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A PRESENT!
Our readers for 12 cents in postage stamps to pay for mailing and wrapping and names of two book agents, will receive FREE a Steel Finish Parlor Engraving of all our PRESIDENTS, including Cleveland, size 22x28 inch, worth $4.00.
Address Elder Pub. Co., Chicago, Ill.
July 17-1y

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.
BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH. p.m.	p.m.	a.m	STATIONS.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
9 00	12 30	8 30	....Scranton....	6 10	9 15	2 05
8 54	12 26	8 26	....Bellevue....	6 15	9 20	2 10
8 48	12 22	8 22	....Taylorville....	6 20	9 26	2 15
8 40	12 15	8 16	...Lackawanna...	6 27	9 34	2 22
8 33	12 08	8 10	....Pittston....	6 34	9 41	2 29
8 27	12 03	8 03	..West Pittston.	6 40	9 47	2 36
8 22	11 58	7 58	....Wyoming....	6 45	9 52	2 41
8 17	11 54	7 54	.....Mallby.....	6 49	9 56	2 45
8 12	11 50	7 50	....Bennett....	6 54	10 01	2 47
8 08	11 47	7 47	....Kingston....	6 58	10 05	2 50
8 08	11 47	7 47	....Kingston....	6 58	10 05	2 50
7 59	11 38	7 42	Plymouth June	7 02	10 10	2 55
7 59	11 38	7 38	....Plymouth....	7 07	10 15	3 00
7 54	11 34	7 34	....Avondale....	7 12	10 20	3 05
7 50	11 30	7 31	....Nanticoke....	7 15	10 25	3 10
7 44	11 25	7 23	....Hunlock's....	7 23	10 33	3 17
7 39	11 12	7 12	...Shickshinny...	7 37	10 44	3 29
7 18	11 00	7 00	...Rick's Ferry...	7 50	11 11	3 52
7 11	10 54	6 54	...Beach Haven...	7 57	11 08	3 58
7 05	10 47	6 47	....Berwick....	8 04	11 14	4 05
6 58	10 41	6 41	....Briar Creek....	8 10	11 20	4 12
6 54	10 38	6 38	...Willow Grove...	8 14	11 23	4 16
6 50	10 34	6 34	....Lime Ridge....	8 18	11 28	4 20
6 42	10 27	6 27	.....Espy.....	8 25	11 35	4 27
6 36	10 21	6 21	...Bloomsburg...	8 30	11 44	4 34
6 30	10 16	6 16	.....Rupert.....	8 36	11 50	4 40
6 25	10 11	6 11	..Catawissa Bridge	8 41	11 55	4 45
6 08	9 56	5 56	....Danville....	8 58	12 13	5 04
6 00	9 49	5 49	....Chulasky....	9 05	12 21	5 12
5 55	9 45	5 45	.....Cameron....	9 08	12 25	5 17
5 40	9 32	5 32	Northumberland	9 25	12 40	5 35
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.
Superintendent's office, Scranton, Feb. 18, 1884

Pennsylvania Railroad.
Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.
TIME TABLE.
In effect Aug. 30th, 1885. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD.

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 4.40 p. m.; Washington, 5.50 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.40 p. m.—Day express daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m.; New York, 9.35 p. m.; Baltimore 6.45 p. m.; Washington, 8.00 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.05 p. m.—Williamsport Accommodation (daily, for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.; New York 7.00 a. m, Baltimore, 5.25 a. m.; Washington 6.30 a. m.; Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. On Sundays a through sleeping car will be run; on this train from Williamsprt to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

2.35 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.25 a. m. New York, 11.30 a. m.; Baltimore 8.15 a. m.; Washington, 9.25 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.20 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie and all intermediate stations and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.55—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1.05 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday), for Kane and intermediate stations and Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Watkins.

5.30 p. m. Fast Line (daily except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.30 a. m.—Sunday mail for Renovo and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Sunday Mail leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m Harrisburg 7.40 arriving at Sunbury 9.30 a. m. with through sleeping car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 9.55 a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury, 1.05 p. m., with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.50 a. m.; Washington, 9.50 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., (daily except sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.20 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.20 p. m., (daily except Saturday) arriving at Sunbury 5.15 a. m., with through Pullman Sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 10.00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.52 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.18 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.37 p. m., Wilkes-barre 7.58 p. m

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkes-barre 10.40 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 12.08 p. m., Sunbury 1.40 p. m

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 2.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.15 p. m., Sunbury 5.10 p.m.

SUNDAY ONLY.

Sunday mail leaves Sunbury 9.25 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.14 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 11.35 a.m.

Sunday accomodation leaves Wilkes-Barre 5.30 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry, 7.00 p. m., Sunbury, 7.55 p. m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent

ALEXANDER BROS. & CO.,
Offer to the Trade their Fine Brand of Cigars.
The Landres,
Henry Clay,
Normal,
Samson, and
Cosmopolitan
Fine Fruits and Fine Confectionery on hand. Fresh every week. Bloomsburg, Pa. Feb. 27

SELWYN HALL READING, PENN.
A thoroughly preparatory School for Boys. Conducted upon the Military plan. Boys of any age admitted. Send for catalogue, terms, etc.
L. C. BISHOP, Head Master, Reading, Pa.
aug 21 y-1

ODD ITEMS.

The first Atlantic cable was laid in 1866.

Blaine is the name of a new county in the State of Nebraska.

Nine hundred and fifty-five farms in Iowa are owned by women.

Hrrtford has a 13-year-old girl who tips the beam at 205 pounds.

A brand new kind of asparagus is a horticultural triumph in Boston.

Gold worth $31,800,000 was dug from Uncle Sam's rich soil in 1884.

At Yakutsk, Siberia, the earth is always frozen to a depth of over fifty feet.

In Montreal they talk of annexation as though it were a thing of next week.

California is selling grapes by the wagon load at less than the cost of hay wood.

Seasickness caused the death of a yachtsman off the English coast recently.

In Boston the richest lawyer is Sydney Bartlett, set down as worth $12,000,000.

San Diego, Cal., is to have a water works system at a cost of some $800,000.

It is queer, but nevertheless true, that toasts are never intoxicated, though they're always drunk.

A Voodoo woman in North Carolina actually frightened four negroes to death by putting the "evil eye" on them.

"The custom of compressing the foreheads of infants is fast dying out," writes a correspondent among the Flatheads.

The school teachers of the United States draw wages to the amount of $60,000,000 yearly — an average of $400 each.

The skull